

radley  
Case

moment, the actor  
THE WEATHER -- PARIS: Friday, misty early, fair later.  
Temp., 50°-55°. Saturday, cloudy. LONDON: Friday, cloudy.  
Temp., 50°-55°. Saturday, similar. CHANNEL: Rough.  
Star, Mr. John Temp., 7:11 (45-52). NEW YORK PRESS:  
Its, Mr. John Temp., 7:11 (45-52).

ADDITIONAL WEATHER -- COMICS PAGE

No. 29,788

## Smith Regime Pushes Back Majority Rule

SALISBURY, Rhodesia, Nov. 16 (UPI) — The transition government I spoke with tonight pushed back by four months a handover to black majority rule.

The admission that the Salisbury

has been imposed Dec. 31 target to end nearly

nine decades of white-minority

rule was made after an all-

day meeting of the 21 black and white ministers. The new date for elections is April 20.

An official announcement, delivered outside Prime Minister Ian Smith's office, said elections were delayed because the ruling Executive Council "has not yet completed all the political decisions required for the finalization of the new constitution."

The decision was made in the face of stiff opposition from Bishop Abel Muzorewa, the main black leader in the coalition of Mr. Smith, the Rev. Ndabamngi Sithole and Chief Jeremiah Chirau.

Bishop Muzorewa, who said

earlier this week that any postponement could invite disaster, declared tonight that he was satisfied with the new deadline.

"We would have liked an earlier date, but this has been set after thorough examination of the processes that need to be done," he told reporters as the four leaders emerged from an eight-hour meeting.

Mr. Sithole said: "We have had to accept the inevitable. It has been physically impossible to meet the date owing to the lagging behind in certain measures which should have been taken."

Under the new timetable announced by Cabinet Secretary Jack Gaylard, the constitution will be ready by Dec. 22. A referendum among the 80,000 registered white voters will be held on Jan. 30.

The white-dominated legislature will be recalled on Feb. 6 and dissolved on March 8. March 23 was set as nomination day for the 72 black-represented and 28 white-represented seats in the new legislature.

Elections will be held on April 20 among the estimated 3 million black and white voters.

No precise date for a handover of power was announced, but it was expected to occur almost immediately after the rescheduled elections.

Officials made no mention of the guerrilla war, now covering almost the entire country, or rebel threats to disrupt elections.

The reason for the postponement was pinned on "administrative" delays. The first majority-rule constitution has not yet been published and the entire program is running more than two months behind schedule.

Mr. Smith and the most conservative of the black leaders, Chief Chirau, both openly urged postponing elections, but Bishop Muzorewa, to a lesser extent, Mr. Sithole, were insisting that delay would undermine the essence and credibility of the domestic agreement for black rule signed March 3.

Mr. Smith has recently urged the United States and Britain to call a conference with the guerrilla leaders in a bid to find a new formula

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Women often take estrogen to relieve the ill effects of menopause. Previous studies showed that women who take estrogen during menopause face up to eight times the risk of uterine cancer as other women their age.

Estrogen can cause bleeding of the uterus, a major symptom of uterine cancer. This bleeding factor led to what the new study says was a built-in bias in favor of finding a cancer link in the earlier reports.

The Yale doctors said it may have been the estrogen, not the cancer, that caused these women to bleed and that the bleeding could have prompted them to have hospital tests that detected cancer which otherwise would have gone unnoticed.

Dr. Horwitz and Dr. Feinstein say that their study found that estrogen increased the risk of uterine cancer 17 times.

A department spokeswoman, Jill Schucker, said there had been a sizeable increase in the number of

"boat people" fleeing Vietnam in recent weeks.

She said more than 10,000 had arrived in Malaysia in recent weeks and that the total number being given temporary asylum there could exceed 40,000 by the end of this month.

Miss Schucker said humanitarian assistance for the refugees was being given the "highest priority"

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Newsweek's Borchgrave, Other Western Reporters Accused

## Shah's Ex-Aide Alleges Correspondents Were Bribed

By R.W. Apple Jr.

LONDON, Nov. 16 (NYT) — A former aide to the Shah of Iran who defected to Britain two weeks ago asserted today that the Iranian government had given substantial gifts to a number of Western reporters in return for laudatory articles about the Shah's troubled regime.

Among those he mentioned was Amaud de Borchgrave, a senior editor of Newsweek magazine, who has written extensively about Iran in the last decade. The current Newsweek carries an account by Mr. Borchgrave of an interview with the Shah, one of the few the Iranian ruler has granted since his flight broke out there.

The former aide, Siamak Zand, 37, was the head of the protocol section of the imperial press office. His duties included liaison with important visiting journalists.

Four years ago, he said, he per-

sonally delivered to Mr. Borchgrave at the Hilton Hotel in Tel Aviv a matched pair of Naeem rugs worth \$10,000 each, and saw a document stating that they had been paid for by Asad Allah Alam, then the minister of the imperial court.

### Charge Denied

Speaking from his apartment in Geneva, Mr. Borchgrave denied the charge, said his apartment was open for inspection, threatened to sue Mr. Zand and offered to take a lie-detector test to demonstrate his innocence. He had resisted all efforts by the Iranians to compensate him in any way for his trips to Iran, the journalist declared, to the point of insisting over government protests during a visit in May, 1973, on paying his own hotel bill.

"How do they come up with these things?" Mr. Borchgrave asked.

Mr. Zand conceded that he per-

tions and having served for a period as director of the National Association for Freedom, a pressure group on the extreme right of British politics.

He said that he had received neither plane fare, expense money nor gifts from the Iranians during his only visit to the country, a three-day stopover late last month following a longer trip to Oman. He described Mr. Zand's charge as "a flat lie on every count."

Lord Chalfont was reported to be traveling abroad.

A fourth name cited by Mr. Zand was that of Gerard de Villiers, a French newspaperman who has written a series of spy novels and also a book published in 1976, called "The Irresistible Ascension of Mohammed Reza, Shah of Iran." Shortly before the book appeared, Mr. Zand said, he delivered a \$12,000 gold bracelet, paid for by the imperial government, to

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

## Increase in Refugees Is Cited

## U.S. Attacks Vietnam on Human Rights

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (AP) — The State Department said today that it strongly deplored

human rights abuses in Vietnam and said tens of thousands of persons are being forced to flee that country on boats despite enormous risks.

A department spokeswoman, Jill Schucker, said there had been a sizeable increase in the number of

boat people" fleeing Vietnam in recent weeks.

She said more than 10,000 had arrived in Malaysia in recent weeks and that the total number being given temporary asylum there could exceed 40,000 by the end of this month.

Uncertain Future:

"We deplore strongly the human rights situation in Vietnam which is forcing tens of thousands of individuals to flee, despite the great

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

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INTERNATIONAL

# Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

PARIS, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1978

Established 1887



United Press International  
Spanish Premier Adolfo Suarez (left) informs King Juan Carlos (right) of the killing of Judge Juan Mateu. From left: Cortes President Antonio Hernandez Gil, Foreign Minister Marcelino Oreja and Inigo Caverio, minister of education.

### Ex-Chief of Franco Political Court

## Gunmen Kill Judge on Madrid Street

MADRID, Nov. 16 (UPI) — Two terrorists shot and killed the former chief justice of Spain's once-feared political court on a downtown street today and escaped on motorbikes, police said.

The two youths shot Judge Jose Francisco Mateu Canova in the head at nearly point-blank range, they said. Judge Mateu, who headed the political tribunal under the late dictator Francisco Franco, was walking along fashionable Calle Cuello Street near his home when the two approached on motorbikes and

said later that the judge had received threats "from ETA and from all the groups that are running around on the street now."



Judge Mateu Canova

Judge Mateu had served as the chief justice of the Public Order Tribunal, or "TOP," the Franco-era court that tried political and terrorist crimes. The reformist government of King Juan Carlos dismantled TOP last year and most recently Judge Mateu had been a substitute judge in the Supreme Court.

The last time ETA is known to have struck in Madrid was in July when separatists assassinated a Spanish Army general and a lieutenant colonel.

Last night, two presumed ETA guerrillas died in a shootout with police in the Basque town of Mondragon.

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

### As East-West Relations Improve

## Germanys to Build New Berlin Freeway

By Michael Geler

MUNICH, Nov. 16 (WP) — An agreement signed today between East and West Germany to build the first superhighway since the end of World War II connecting Berlin with the rest of Germany has a political significance that goes well beyond the opening of a new route between East and West.

The agreement is widely viewed as an important symbol not only of improved East-West German relations but also of steadily improving relations between West Germany and the Soviet Union, without whose tacit approval the new highway could not have been built.

It will also undoubtedly provide an important boost for the ailing East German economy since West Germany will pay heavily and, officials said, happily in order to provide another link and further long-term security for West Berlin.

### Older Autobahn

There are three other autobahns, all dating back 40 years or more, leading from West Germany into what is now the Communist eastern Germany. In effect, it will link the two biggest West German cities, although the East Germans and Russians do not consider West Berlin a special area under control of the four World War II Allies.

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Although West Germany remains a solid member of the Western alliance, gains made in improving relations with Moscow have given Mr. Schmidt some additional political and economic room to maneuver at home and abroad.

### Canal Network

The agreements signed today, which also involve the reopening of the scene of Cold War confrontation and traffic harassment between the Western allies and the Soviet Union, will be the fourth year between the two German states over issues relating to Berlin and the four-power agreement, although they are kept informed.

Those relations have been strained since the war, are the largest joint projects since the 1972 treaty. They also reflect, in comparison to previous agreements, direct negotiations between the two German states over issues relating to Berlin and the four-power agreement, although they are kept informed.

Over the next 10 years or so, West Germany will pay East Germany about \$3.5 billion under the agreements. About \$640 million of this for construction of a 75-mile stretch of autobahn inside East Germany.

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

## Mideast Pact Modifications Seen by Carter

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (AP) — Disappointed with the slow pace of negotiations, President Carter said today that it might be necessary "in a few cases" to modify the Camp David agreements in order to wrap up a peace treaty between Egypt and Israel.

Mr. Carter said that the two sides did not trust each other and each was interpreting the September agreements to its own advantage.

The negotiations, now in their sixth week, are snagged over the Palestinian issue and other disputes. In a move to regain momentum, the United States has proposed that within a year of the treaty's ratification, elections be held to set up a Palestinian authority on the West Bank and the Jordan River and in the Gaza Strip.

### Sadat Message

Egyptian President Anwar Sadat's response was delivered today to Mr. Carter at the White House by Hosni Mubarak, the Egyptian vice president. A spokesman said that Mr. Mubarak "explained precisely the Egyptian view of the interrelationship between the peace treaty and future negotiations for an overall settlement, including the status of the Palestinians."

No details of Mr. Sadat's message were disclosed.

[In Jerusalem, Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan today rejected both Egyptian and U.S. proposals specifying dates for the establishment of autonomy in the West Bank and Gaza strip after the conclusion of a peace pact between Cairo and Jerusalem, United Press International.



Ezer Weizman

formula for linking a treaty with Israel to the Palestinian question. This was said to be centered on immediate negotiations between Israel and Egypt over the Israeli-occupied Gaza Strip, an enclave of 400,000 Palestinian Arabs that Egypt lost in the 1967 war.

The spokesman, George Sherman of the State Department, said that Mr. Mubarak had presented "some new ideas" to flesh out

**Disagreement on Outside Speakers****Security Council Cancels Cyprus Parley**

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Nov. 16 (UPI) — The UN Security Council called off a meeting today on the Cyprus question because members could not agree on whether to hear additional outside speakers proposed by Cyprus Ambassador Zenon Rossides.

After the 15 council members held a conference on the problem, a UN spokesman announced that

there would be a later private conference and that a public meeting of the council had been canceled.

The trouble was that Cyprus yesterday filed a written request that the council hear the Greek and Armenian Cypriot communities in addition to those it had already agreed to hear — Cyprus, Greece, Turkey and the Turkish Cypriot community.

**Iran Troops Fire in Air, Use Tear Gas on Crowds**

TEHRAN, Nov. 16 (UPI) — A mob destroyed cars in Esfahan today and the army employed gunfire and tear gas to disperse another crowd of demonstrators in Mashad, Tehran radio said.

The radio said that at Esfahan in central Iran the police "arrested some demonstrators" and at Mashad in northeast Iran more martial law troops used tear gas and "fired into the air" to disperse a crowd.

Earlier today the Iranian News Agency Pars said that during a five-hour demonstration in Behbahan,

**Cable-Car Strike Ends in U.S.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 16 (Reuters) — The drivers and conductors of San Francisco's cable cars, the city's biggest tourist attraction, agreed to return to work last night after a one-day strike in protest of the condition of their equipment.

Thirteen persons were injured Tuesday when one of the cars jolted to a standstill. A number of passengers were thrown out in the accident, the fifth in the past six months.

The latter two parties yesterday boycotted the first council meeting of a new Cyprus debate because the members had not immediately ruled out hearing the speakers Cyprus wanted to add to the list.

**Motive Alleged**

The Turkish Cypriot leader, Rauf Denktaş, said that the request aimed to cut down the Turkish Cypriot community to just another Cyprus community like the Armenians from which it was — a major party like the Greek Cypriot community.

Cyprus would need nine votes on the council to get its late starters invited to speak. From what interested outsiders could gather about today's private talks, so far it had only five for sure.

They said that their information was that the Soviet Union, Czechoslovakia, India, Mauritius and Nigeria solidly supported the request. China spoke in favor of it but probably would end up not participating in any vote that was taken, and France, Bolivia and Venezuela were possible supporters.

The informants said the United States, Britain, France, West Germany and Canada were against the request and Gabon, as council president for the month, was neutral.

HONG KONG TO BAN WORK BEFORE AGE 14

HONG KONG, Nov. 16 (Reuters) — Hong Kong plans to ban children under the age of 14 from working in any sector of the economy by next year, Labor Commissioner Neil Henderson said today.

The new law would make a substantial contribution to the United Nations International Year of the Child, he added. The next move would be to raise the minimum working age to 15 in late 1980, Mr. Henderson said.

(Continued from Page 1)

Mr. Villiers' wife, Annick, at her hotel room in Tehran.

Mr. Villiers said only that his book took a "neutral" view of the shah and that during long interviews he had asked the shah many "indiscreet, brutal and insolent questions."

Mr. Zand, who has applied for

On one occasion, Mr. Zand asserted, Mr. Zahedi, who was once married to the shah's daughter, sent a young California girl and her mother to Iran simply because she had told him she liked turquoise.

The Iranian Foreign Ministry, he said, took the two to Mashad, near the largest Iranian turquoise mines, and paid for the gems they selected there.

The defecting official predicted that the shah would be overthrown within a month, and said that even in court circles, few persons took seriously his promises of reform.

Heary Cushman, the deputy director of the State Department's Office of Refugee and Migration Affairs, said Vietnam began that practice about six months ago, apparently as means ridding the country of a people who were "ethnically suspect" and a "burden on society" in the view of Hanoi.

"The (Vietnamese) government views them as parasites," he said.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (UPI) — King Hassan II of Morocco left Washington today after defending Egyptian President Anwar Sadat's Middle East peace initiative, but adding that there is no chance for a comprehensive settlement without the support of Jordan, Saudi Arabia and the Palestinians.

"We have to see an Egyptian-Israeli peace as part of an overall process," King Hassan said. He noted that Arab nations had agreed at the 1974 Rabat summit not to sign separate agreements with Israel.

"I don't want to condemn President Sadat because, to me, he is still loyal to the Rabat conference," Hassan said. "That is our position and we shall work very hard to restore the broken Arab mirror."

Despite the divisions within the Arab world, he dismissed as unrealistic the possibility of an Arab economic boycott of Egypt if and when it signs the peace treaty now being negotiated with Israel.

One of the two accords negotiated at Camp David calls for a comprehensive peace settlement between Israel and its Arab neighbors, particularly regarding the future of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

**Cites Palestinians**

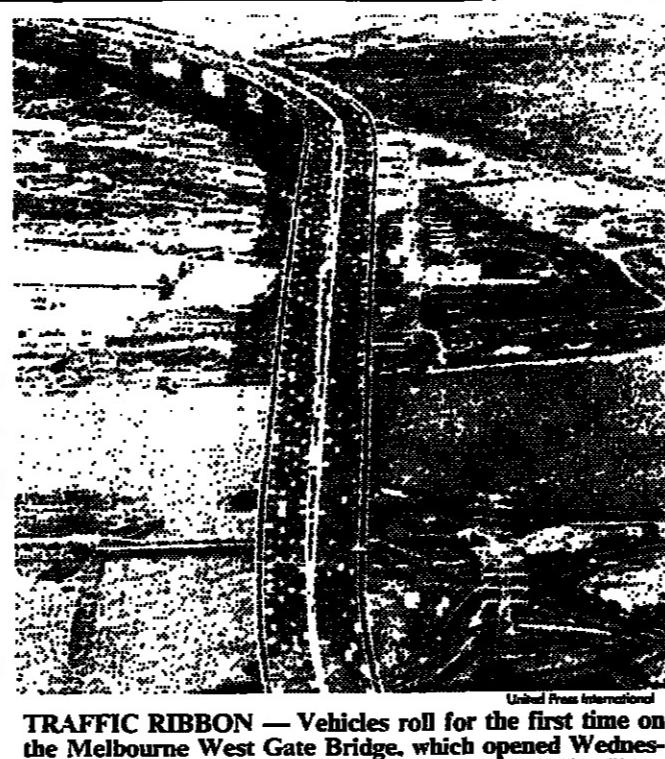
Hassan, however, said "it is impossible" to reach agreement on those issues "without the participation of Jordan, the support of Saudi Arabia and the largest possible

number of Arab countries, particularly the Palestinians."

The king today ended a three-day state visit to Washington, and the White House was expected to release a joint communiqué shortly after the monarch's departure for Chicago.

Earlier yesterday, Hassan had a second meeting with President Carter and also conferred at Blair House with Secretary of State Cyrus Vance, Secretary of Defense Harold Brown and Energy Secretary James Schlesinger.

Bilateral and African issues took

**While Defending Sadat in Washington****Hassan Sees No Peace With Egypt Alone**

TRAFFIC RIBBON — Vehicles roll for the first time on the Melbourne West Gate Bridge, which opened Wednesday after 11 years of construction at a cost of \$200 million.

**Shah's Ex-Aide Says Iran Bribed Western Newsmen**

(Continued from Page 1)

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Several persons were injured in scuffles which broke out following the police intervention. The trouble began Tuesday night when a group composed mostly of outsiders not affiliated with the student body held a meeting in an amphitheater.

The university authorities called in the police to force the group to leave the premises. About 50 persons were arrested in that roundup.

Yesterday, police again raided the campus, arresting 70 persons who had gathered at the urging of student groups to discuss the previous night's events. Police armed with clubs chased students and reportedly injured two persons seriously.

There already are 35,000 "boat people" in Malaysia and the government has been unwilling to admit the passengers aboard the Hai Hong.

The number of "boat people" fleeing Vietnam has far exceeded administration estimates and has prompted a review of a decision made last April to limit U.S. admission of such refugees to 12,500 a month during the ensuing 12 months.

The same policy was to allow immigration each month by 12,500 refugees from Laos and Cambodia.

Ulster Bombing Kills Fireman

BELFAST, Nov. 16 (UPI) — Two bombs believed set by the IRA exploded at a brewery just outside Belfast today, killing a fireman and injuring four others.

A gunman held up staff at the Ulster Brewery with an automatic rifle while an accomplice planted two bombs in different parts of the sprawling two-story building.

Workers were quickly evacuated before the first bomb exploded at 8:30 a.m. The explosion sparked a fire, which swept rapidly through the building, including a bonded warehouse holding thousands of gallons of inflammable alcohol.

The second blast, which caused the casualties, occurred about 45 minutes later, after firemen had arrived.

Lengthy Detour

The expanded Berlin waterway system, which hooks up to the Elbe and Oder rivers and thus also provides access to Hamburg's port, will avoid a lengthy detour barges must make to get to West Berlin.

Although some opposition politicians here have charged Bonn with

up most of Hassan's 70-minute meeting with Mr. Carter. A White House aide said that the two leaders discussed the prospects for developing Morocco's extensive shale-oil fields.

Mr. Carter and King Hassan discussed the situation in Africa and the Mediterranean, and spent a good deal of time on bilateral relations, including the extension of the Camp David accord.

Earlier yesterday, Hassan had a second meeting with President Carter and also conferred at Blair House with Secretary of State Cyrus Vance, Secretary of Defense Harold Brown and Energy Secretary James Schlesinger.

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## California Revenue Rebel

**Jarvis Gave to Candidates Backing His Tax Cut Plan**

By Adam Clymer

**WASHINGTON**, Nov. 16 (NYT) — Howard Jarvis, co-author of California's Proposition 13, contributed to 138 congressional campaigns after asking candidates to sign up in support of his plan to cut \$100 billion in U.S. spending.

A spokesman for his American Tax Reduction Movement, which made the contributions, said that not every candidate who received help had pledged all-out support to the "Freedom for Taxpayers" plan. Harvey Englander, public-relations director for the group, said some supported only the plan's "general thrust."

The demand of Mr. Jarvis, made by telegram in August, had drawn criticism from Bill Brock, the Republican national chairman, who warned that it raised a legal question about selling congressional votes in exchange for contributions.

But Republicans were the main beneficiaries, with 112 of them getting the money. The contributions, however, are unlikely to have turned around any race. All but three of the contributions were for only \$100, and they occurred in the last few days of the campaign.

The three candidates who got more than that were Nick Gearhart, a Houston Republican, who lost despite a \$1,000 donation, and Robert Dorman of California, and Thomas Lukens of Ohio, a Republican and Democrat, respectively, who were re-elected after receiving contributions of \$250. Reps. Dorman and Lukens had worked to push the Jarvis program before Congress adjourned, Mr. Englander said.

The contributions were reported to the Federal Election Commission by telegram on Nov. 3. Mr. Englander said the money had been sent only the day before, when the movement's political action committee finally got the funds in hand. He said the committee was

separate from the American Tax Reduction Movement itself, and thus had not used any of the \$700,000 or so in receipts from nationally televised appeals that Mr. Jarvis had made for his plan in September.

The goal of Mr. Jarvis, as described briefly in his telegram, includes a \$25 billion reduction in the U.S. budget each year for four years, along with a 10-percent cut in federal taxes, each year for four years.

"If you support the plan," his telegram advised, "my office will contact you with respect to possible financial assistance in your campaign from the American Tax Reduction Movement-PAC as well as direct mail, radio, TV and newspaper endorsements, which will be available to our supporters."

The message, including a warning that a failure to respond would automatically list a candidate as an opponent of Mr. Jarvis, angered many members.

But the action by Mr. Jarvis, while more transparent than the approach of many other political action committees, differed more in form than in substance from usual ways of doing business.

Despite Rep. Corman, 25 Democrats received contributions, as did one independent House candidate. Most of the recipients were House candidates. There were seven Senate nominees who got contributions. Three of them were elected — Bennett Johnston, D-La.; William Armstrong, R-Colo.; and Strom Thurmond, R-S.C.

Of the House candidates aided, 61 Republicans and 17 Democrats were elected. Three of them had been unopposed, and in eight districts, including New York's First Congressional District, Mr. Jarvis had a winner in hand, because he gave to candidates from each major party.



**POLITICAL CHIEFS** — Brazilian President-elect Maj. Joao Figueiredo was interviewed Wednesday in Brasilia by two Xavante Indian leaders from Mato Grosso State during national legislative elections. The Indians recorded the president's responses on tape.

**Big Spenders Won Senate, Study Shows**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (AP)

— The biggest campaign spenders won 83 percent of this year's Senate races, a study of financial statements indicates.

The study, released yesterday by consumer advocate Ralph Nader's Congress Watch, said the winning candidates outspent their opponents in 28 of the 33 races.

"This is a demonstration of the golden rule of politics, which seems to be: 'He who has the gold, rules,'" said Mark Green, director of Congress Watch.

In the biggest percentage difference, Sen. Ted Stevens, R-Alaska, spent \$297,000 in winning re-election over Democrat Donald Hobbs, who spent \$2,000.

The biggest spender by far was

Sen. Jesse Helms, R-N.C., whose campaign cost \$6,351,000, or 29 times what Democrat John Ingram spent, Congress Watch said.

**Georgia Disparity**

Another wide disparity was in Georgia, where Democratic incumbent Sam Nunn outspent Republican John Stokes \$480,000 to \$5,000.

Mr. Green said party affiliation made little difference: "When Democrats spent the most money, they almost always won; when Republicans spent the most, they almost always won."

Congress Watch said the study shows a need for public financing of congressional races, a plan it has supported in the past. "Unless the

Senate by the year 2000 wants to be a club of rich men, we have to pursue public financing," Mr. Green said.

Congress has defeated measures for taxpayer financing of its races, although there is such a system for presidential campaigns.

**Eanes Meets Thatcher**

LONDON, Nov. 16 (UPI) — Portuguese President Antonio Ramalho Eanes, winding up a three-day state visit to Britain, met today with Conservative opposition leader Margaret Thatcher and toured Sandhurst military academy. He returns to Lisbon tomorrow.

At the Ho Chi Minh City line, buses and trucks took the refugees 40 miles to the coastal town of Vung Tau, via Highway 15. The drivers of the trucks were Viet-

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**Affluent Reported to Pay in Gold****Hanoi Is Said to Accept Escape Money**

BANGKOK, Nov. 16 (UPI) — Under ordinary circumstances, escaping from Vietnam is dangerous and difficult. But there are strong indications that the Hanoi government is overseeing a safe escape pipeline for the affluent that net millions of dollars in gold each month.

Refugees from Vietnam interviewed in Southeast Asian camps since the beginning of summer said they have made large payoffs directly to senior government officials — even gold only.

Most of the refugees interviewed said that the standard payment to these officials is four taels of gold. A tael is 12 troy ounces and is worth about \$250 on the open market.

"We arranged the trip through friends of friends in Saigon," said an ethnic Chinese man, using the old name for Ho Chi Minh City.

"When we got to the departure point, we paid four taels of gold to one man for the government and we paid another eight taels for men and six taels for women and children to the boat organizers for our actual passage."

**Crewmen Paid Less**

A former South Vietnamese soldier at a refugee camp said that he did not have to pay as much for passage as others because he helped crew the boat. "But I still paid my four taels of gold [to the officials] before I got on the boat," he said.

Congress has defeated measures for taxpayer financing of its races, although there is such a system for presidential campaigns.

Congress has defeated measures for taxpayer financing of its races, although there is such a system for presidential campaigns.

There have been many instances of boatloads of refugees who have fled just ahead of the Vietnamese gunboats, and others who have been caught and returned to Vietnam.

But more common lately are the circumstances in which a highly organized trip was made by refugees on two boats in July, arriving three days later at a refugee camp in Southeast Asia.

At the Ho Chi Minh City line, buses and trucks took the refugees 40 miles to the coastal town of Vung Tau, via Highway 15. The drivers of the trucks were Viet-

namese soldiers. There were no checkpoints.

When they arrived in Vung Tau, the refugees paid up to 12 taels of gold per man and 10 taels per woman and child. Four taels of each payment went to a high government official.

The refugees were given blankets and sleeping space in a barracks and office that belonged to the chief of security of the province.

"Consider how desperate Vietnamese are for aid money," an Indonesian expert said. "If the Vietnamese government isn't allowing the people out for this price, it indicates two things: There's a hell of a lot more corruption in there we never dreamed about, and the government is missing out on awfully good things."

Soldiers Moved Baggage

The next day, the refugees were transferred to sampans and barges. Their luggage was carried — and sometimes stolen — by uniformed soldiers.

There was no challenge to the

refugees' right to be transported.

The fraud involved Alabama Guard officials paying themselves

federal money for days of recruiting they never worked.

And now two of the guardsmen who were disciplined by the governor, Col. William Cole and Lucius Staniland, are demanding with the backing of Cornelia, more than \$8 million in damages in a court case that is scheduled to be heard in Montgomery on Dec. 4. They charge that their suspensions constituted a violation of their civil rights.

Not only are the governor and several Alabama lawmakers involved in the case, but the Army will be on hand to defend the major it ordered to investigate the Guard.

Gov. Wallace, lawyers said, is slated to testify for the adjutant general he appointed to clean up the Guard, while Cornelia will appear for one of the Guard officials fired during that cleanup.

*Andreotti on a Tightrope*

## Labor Conflicts Threaten Fragile Coalition in Italy

By Henry Tanner

**Rome.** Nov. 16 (NYT) — For several weeks now, Italy has been teetering on the brink of a government crisis that would bring the signature of Premier Giulio Andreotti and a collapse of the alliance of Christian Democrats and the Communists.

Relations between the two parties, which together have provided a semblance of political stability, deteriorated when labor strife broke out about half the country.

If the Andreotti government

had almost certainly be moved

to early next year, sending the

two parties into an abrasive campaign

under the constitution, elections

not due until June 1981.

At stake, basically, is the question of whether the Italian Communists' policy of seeking to achieve their goals by sharing power with a bourgeois regime is still viable. The alternative for the Communists is to return to the opposition.

Communists in Italy have long clung to the forefront of Eurocommunism, as the moderate strategy in damage to the West European Communist Party has been known. But the Italian party's leadership has been

weak ever since the powerful

Communists chose to lose

an election in March rather than

defend its second place in a leftist

league that would have been dominated by the Socialists.

The collapse of the ruling alliance of parties of both parties are intent on

replacing it.

Under Benigno Zaccagnini, the secretary-general of the Christian Democratic Party, recently said on television

that his party wanted to continue

a present arrangement. On the

other hand, Enrico Berlinguer, said that

his party was not seeking a crisis,

but that it seemed probable.

Both sides include forces outside

the control of the party leaders that

are pushing toward a break.

The main issues at the moment

are the salaries and social policy.

To attack inflation, the government earlier this year announced a three-year recovery program that

called for a reduction of public borrowing, the stimulation of exports,

limits on salaries and greater labor

mobility.

Although the plan was regarded

as anti-labor by most of the rank

and file of leftist parties, the Com-

munist Party and the Communist

Trade Union General Federation of

Italy supported it.

Disruptive Strikes

But the plan has remained domi-

nant because independent unions

defied both the government and the

official unions, and staged disrupt-

ive strikes.

Among the strikers were hospi-

tals, railroad, airline and ferryboat

workers as well as the magistrates,

officials who serve as judges

and prosecutors.

In government-run city hospitals,

M. Nov. home patients — in a least one case

newborn baby — died of neglect;

nights on loops were sent to provide food

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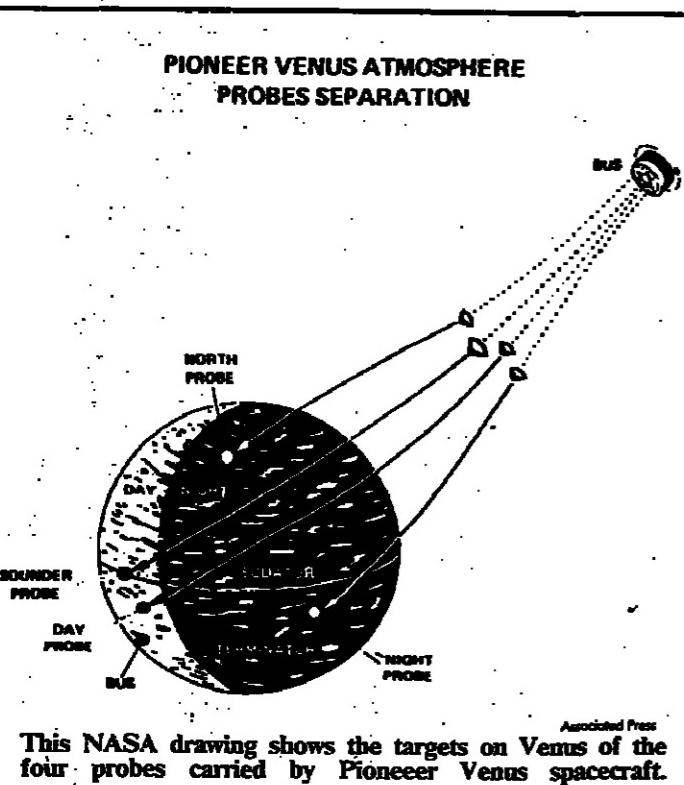
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## PIONEER VENUS ATMOSPHERE PROBES SEPARATION



This NASA drawing shows the targets on Venus of the four probes carried by Pioneer Venus spacecraft.

See War as Only Alternative

## Nicaraguan Rebels Issue Call for 'Decisive Battle'

By Marilise Simons

SAN JOSE, Costa Rica, Nov. 16 (UPI) — Nicaragua's Sandinista National Liberation Front guerrillas have issued a communiqué proclaiming that the "hour of the decisive battle has arrived" against the government of Nicaraguan President Anastasio Somoza.

The communiqué, which was signed by guerrilla military chief Eden Pastora, head of the Sandinista National Liberation Army, said that the "Somoza dictatorship" had left war as the only alternative to the Nicaraguan crisis.

While the clandestinely distributed document did not set a date for renewed attack on Nicaragua by the guerrillas, who led a September civil war against the Nicaraguan National Guard, Mr. Pastora said earlier this week at a guerrilla training camp that its purpose is to "tell the people of Nicaragua to prepare themselves and expect war."

"It would be to our advantage if we had two or three more months," Mr. Pastora said. "From a military point of view the offensive may be premature. But the situation in Nicaragua is such that we feel compelled to take action."

Mr. Pastora said that a U.S.-sponsored mediation effort to resolve the conflict between Gen. Somoza and a business and political coalition that has demanded his resignation "no longer has a chance."

The six-week-old mediation, conducted by a three-nation team including the United States, Guatemala and the Dominican Republic, reached a stalemate last week when Gen. Somoza rejected an opposition proposal calling for his resignation and the formation of a provisional government, and the opposition then turned down Gen. Somoza's counterproposal of a national plebiscite and a reorganization of the government under his continuing presidency.

The negotiators returned to their home countries for consultation during the weekend, and were expected back in Managua today for further talks with Gen. Somoza and the opposition coalition in an effort to come up with a compromise proposal. The opposition has set a Nov. 21 deadline for its withdrawal.

## Hanoi-Prague Accord

BANGKOK, Nov. 16 (AP) — Vietnam and Czechoslovakia signed a trade protocol yesterday in Hanoi on goods exchange and payments for next year, the Vietnam news agency said today.

## On Voyage to Planet

## Venus Probe Leaves Carrier

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (UPI) — The first U.S. spacecraft built to fly into the thick clouds of Venus passed a milestone last night when it split off from the bus that carried it from Earth to within 6 million miles of Venus.

A 700-pound probe, one of four probes carried by the Pioneer Venus Multiprobe, was pushed away by compressed springs from its parent spacecraft toward the equator on the day side of Venus. The largest of the four probes is due to enter the atmosphere of Venus on Dec. 9, minutes before three smaller probes follow it into the planet.

Surviving a brief but puzzling scare, the probe was commanded away from its parent spacecraft by signals sent from the Ames Research Center in Mountainview, Calif., where the Pioneer mission to Venus is being controlled by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

The maneuver was scheduled to take place almost six hours before it happened, but puzzling data about how the parent spacecraft was traveling through space delayed the event.

Instruments aboard the Pioneer spacecraft suggested that a timing device aboard the probe would release the parachute inside the probe before it reached the atmosphere of Venus. That would have been catastrophic.

It would have meant that the parachute would rip away from the spacecraft in the vacuum of space before it had a chance to open and slow down the spacecraft in the atmosphere of the planet.

## Data Called Misleading

The flight director decided late yesterday that the data was misleading and that no errors had been made in aiming the spacecraft or in

analyzing the information sent back by its computers.

Engineers said the spacecraft may arrive in the area of Venus 20 seconds later than expected on Dec. 9, but that this would pose no problem with the opening of its parachute on the way to the surface.

—THOMAS O'TOOLE

## Dutch Propose Bill To Legalize Abortion

THE HAGUE, Nov. 16 (Reuters) — The Dutch government has published draft legislation partly legalizing abortion, provided that the operations are carried out at hospitals and registered clinics in the first three months of pregnancy.

Abortion is illegal in the Netherlands, but in the last decade the justice authorities have turned a blind eye to those carried out in clinics. According to the draft bill, which must go to the council of state for advice before the government presents it to parliament, abortion will continue to be punishable if performed by nonmedical practitioners.

Chancellor Helmut Schmidt was quoted as welcoming the move, saying: "Our generation in particular has a special responsibility toward those younger who did not experience the second world war."

Chancellor Helmut Schmidt was quoted as welcoming the move, saying: "Our generation in particular has a special responsibility toward those younger who did not experience the second world war."

**Cosmos 1,047 Up**

MOSCOW, Nov. 16 (UPI) — The Soviet Union yesterday launched the 1,047th in its Cosmos satellite series, Tass reported.

J.P.Y. 10/15/73

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## Theater in London

## 2 Plays Make Front Page News

By John Walker

**L**ONDON, Nov. 16 (IHT) — Not since Charles MacArthur and Ben Hecht's "The Front Page" have the impudent chicaneries and daily irresponsibilities of journalism been so hilariously and provocatively delineated as they are in Michael Frayn's "Clouds" at the Duke of York's and Tom Stoppard's "Night and Day" at the Phoenix.

Like the American pair, Frayn and Stoppard were journalists — Frayn as a brilliant, humorous columnist, Stoppard as a provincial reporter — before they escaped to richer pastures. They remain fascinated by the methods and purposes of journalism, its curious rituals and obsessive attitudes.

Each uses a newspaper as a metaphor for the wider world it mirrors. Frayn derives his amusement from the way an individual's supposed objectivity is so easily distorted by preconceptions or changing moods. Stoppard's concern is with freedom and the price a society has to pay in struggling toward that estimable state.



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When "Clouds" was first staged at the Hampstead Theatre two years ago, I thought it a delightful but poorly constructed comedy, a succession of moments, many of them marvelous. On second viewing, I found it better than I remembered. It is anecdotal in style, yet for all the fragility and delicacy of its comedy, it has form and maintains its ironic climate.

**T**wo Writers in Cuba

Frayn sets down in Cuba two writers for rival Sunday newspaper color magazines (one a professional reporter, the other a sensitive novelist who fictionalizes her love) and a hearty American academic who controls the local mines — occupies little of the play, which mostly is given over to talk.

It is conversation of a high quality — witty, epigrammatic, passionate on what constitutes a free press and whether freedom gives a paper the right to choose its own standards. As one character asks of a news story, "Is it objective for, or objective against?"

The men perform an intricate dance of seduction around the woman, each projecting his fantasies and feelings on her, until she is finally won by the one man who doesn't expect reality to fit into a preconceived framework but takes life as it comes.

The way the characters construct their own universes and proceed to live inside them as if they were reality provides endless amusement. Any country, remarks the reporter, looks better after lunch — in the same way that clouds in the sky can be made to resemble whatever takes a spectator's fancy.

Sue Plummer's simple set, changing moods by changing colorations of lighting, provides an ideal background to some exceptional acting. Tom Continen, as an upright maniac-depressive reporter, full of petty snobberies about professionalism, and Felicity Kendall, projecting helplessness but collected enough to keep a luminous running diary of her flirtations, make a delightful central couple.

Mark Kingston's backslapping academic, Paul Chapman's headache-prone guide and Mark Heath's winning chauffeur are also perceptively comic creations, absurd yet believable. Michael Rudman's direction, apart from a static fight sequence that goes on too long, keeps the comedy buoyant.

**M**ore Topical

Tom Stoppard's purpose is altogether more serious, or at least topical, although fortunately there is plentiful wild. Freedom is his subject, not only freedom of the press in its broader aspect, but freedom within the press. What concerns him is union power to enforce closed shops in journalism and thus control who writes what.

In a despot African state, on the brink of civil war, he pits Wagner, a hardened reporter, against an idealistic young freelance who has the union power to enforce closed shops in journalism and thus control who writes what.

He is a despot African state, on the brink of civil war, he pits Wagner, a hardened reporter, against an idealistic young freelance who has the union power to enforce closed shops in journalism and thus control who writes what.

**S**harp and Flats

ON TOUR — Country singer Dolly Parton, winding up her first European tour, is in Coventry Nov. 17 at 7 p.m. and at London's Hammersmith Odeon on the 20th at 8 p.m.

**L**ONDON — Showaddywaddy is at the Rainbow Theatre Nov. 17; Barbara Dickins is there the 18th and Jerry Lee Lewis the 19th. Millie Jackson is at the Hammersmith Odeon Nov. 18 and 19 at 6 and 8:30 p.m., followed by Cleo Laine and John Dankworth Nov. 20-25.

Oscar Peterson is appearing nightly at Ronnie Scott's.

**P**ARIS — Eddie (Lockjaw) Davis, Harry (Sweetie) Edison and Sam Woodyard are appearing nightly at the Hotel Mercure through Dec. 3.

Muddy Waters and Eric Clapton are at the Pavilion de Paris Nov. 18 at 8 p.m.; Rod Stewart is there the 20th. Jerome Van Jones is at the Stadium Nov. 18, and the Al Levitt quartet is there the 21st. The Frank Lowe quartet, Burton Green and Philip Wilson are at the Forum des Halles Nov. 19 at 8 p.m. Strideman Joe Turner, just back from Switzerland, is appearing every night at the Halles.

**G**ENEVA — "Wild Bill" Davis concludes his stint at the Popcorn Club Nov. 18, and Ray Bryant comes in for a week starting the 20th.

**ZURICH** — Singer-pianist Alice Darr, just back from a successful U.S. tour, is appearing nightly at the Hotel Nova-Park.

FRANK VAN BRAKLE.



From left: John Thaw, William Marlowe and Olu Jacobs in Tom Stoppard's "Night and Day."

## Books

## Lawrence Durrell Takes Stock

By Galina Vromen

**P**ARIS, Nov. 16 (IHT) — As poet, novelist and travel writer he lure us to Cyprus and the Greek islands of his imagination, to a modern Alexandria with ancient echoes. But as for his own traveling, he "was always pushed, not wandering of my own free will," says Lawrence Durrell, between beers at the Dome cafe in Montparnasse.

Born in India, he left the Himalayas at the age of nine to attend public school in England. Since that youth, he has returned to India and put in time in Yugoslavia, Argentina, Egypt, Cyprus and Greece — often courtesy of contract jobs with the British diplomatic service. "I was always being offered plums I didn't want. Because I had accumulated wives and children and responsibilities, I've been in countries I didn't particularly want to be in and that didn't particularly nourish me," he says.

There is no question, though, that it was well acted. John Thaw's brusque Australian reporter is a devastatingly accurate portrait of the globetrotting journalists who flies in the sky and gets the story and gets out.

Diana Rigg, switching from hysterical interior monologue to cool denunciations of the popular press, makes her peripheral role seem central. William Marlowe is fine as a photographer who speaks the play's conclusive line — "Information is light" — and Peter Macinnes charms as the young freelance whose Boy Scout approach fulfills the worst expectations of those around him. Olu Jacobs conveys the edgy schizophrenia of a dictator facing extinction, and David Langton acts as if Britain had never lost its colonies.

Peter Wood's slam-bang direction has all the immediacy and aggressiveness of screaming headlines in the brashest newspapers, even though the final impression is that today's news is much the same as yesterday's.

He was 24 and had already pub-



Durrell autographing books.

lished "The Black Book" when World War II broke out; the next six years "were torn right out of the calendar" — and at a critical age for me. There was no money, I had to keep a job in mind. World conditions were terrible, of course, even if you were a civilian and weren't being shot at."

The war took him to Alexandria, and "The Alexandria Quartet" that would mark him as a major literary figure began fomenting in his mind. "I took an ordinary set of naturalistic narration and shoved it through a digital computer that already had printed on it the Arabian Nights. . . . While I was there, I could see the Arabian Nights, though nobody else could — ask any of the troops who were there."

**S**ouls and Love

His fiction speaks little of war, diplomacy, or politics in general. "I'm basically interested in people's attitudes to their own souls, love, that sort of stuff," he says with a smile. "Politics will always be the same mess. Henry Miller once found a Portuguese proverb which he stiched on his blazer: 'When s— is as valuable as gold, the poor will be born without asses.' I think it's always been true."

"I off my hat to people who kill themselves organizing commissions to superintend other people's morals. . . . I envy my daughter — she's 24. She thinks I'm an old lout not pulling my own weight, lecturing on navigation while the ship is going down. I vote and sign petitions and all that, but I think I'd be wasting my time, my possible real contribution, to want to be mayor of New York."

And if he has chosen to sequester himself to a rural life near Nimes, it is not out of lack of concern. But world conditions serve mostly to confirm his gnostic view — one that emphasizes the superiority of evil forces over good in the material world and the secretiveness of salvation.

His latest series of books, which he has called "Quincunx" (an arrangement of five things with one in each corner and one in the middle of a square or rectangle) after an old gnostic symbol, reflect his increasing interest in the metaphysics of gnosis.

**M**ore Freedom

The first two in the series, "Monsieur, The Prince of Darkness" and "Livia," have already been published. Durrell hopes to complete "Constance in Love," the third and pivotal volume this winter. "I'm trying to use thoughts about undoing the buttons and hooks of the ego — not original ideas — to forge out a proposition of my own."

He wants these books to give his readers "much more freedom: In the ordinary novel, you go linearly

from A to Z, and you can't break the linear development unless you do it in an old-fashioned, wobbly way — by doing a flashback, but that breaks like hell."

Literature, says Durrell, has been profoundly affected by Freud and Einstein, Freud because of his investigations of the human subconscious and Einstein because he put causality into question. "Time is on the skids — it was stopped by Einstein. became circular. Syntax became modified, pieces began falling out of the language like plaster falling out of the ceiling."

"An ordinary simple sentence has lost its article or its verb. Both the outer world of matter and the inner world — the ego — took a complete somersault in the early 1900s. So picking around in the ruins, like an old man on a battlefield, I pick certain elements that might make a useful point of departure for other people (like my own daughter), who want to see if they can fabricate some kind of wigwam out of all this mess."

Durrell wants his novels to be "plastically free, where it wouldn't matter if bits of the narrative stopped suddenly. It would be planned of course — all art has to be planned — but it would be non-deterministic in the Einsteinian sense. It might be a new form, a new animal, in any case it would breathe. I can't describe it completely because I've only got a glimpse of it in the undergrowth, but I hope to catch it and bring it back alive."

**A**sthma and Breathing

If the analogies he uses so often relate to breathing, it is probably because he suffers from asthma. His voice is more constricted and thin than one would expect from a man of his fairly husky build. He worries less about bringing "it" back alive than he does about keeping himself alive. "I might die first. I'm getting so old and shaky."

Yoga has given him a great deal of relief from the asthma, and it helped him to stop smoking. He does about an hour of the exercises a day — usually around 5 a.m. By then he has already been up for a half hour, has had his coffee and has "whistled up the owl" he maintains on his property.

He makes some post-yoga notes, goes shopping and around 8 begins work that lasts until early afternoon. After lunch he takes walks, reads and answers correspondence.

The most tedious mail is from would-be writers who send him first manuscripts and copies of his books, people send him to sign. He's in bed by 8 or 9 at night. "It's pretty monotonous," he admits, "but then monotonous is what a writer's life is. That's why his wives run away from him: They can't stand the monotony of it — even with the owl."

**Wasted Stuff**

He feels time getting short, "running out like a reel. You have to scrap a great deal of wasted stuff that doesn't really help and try to concentrate on stuff that's richer." He is relieved that his book of collected poems is coming out next year. After "Constance in Love," which clearly is weighing heavily, he might write a comic novel and then a resolution to the Quincunx series. "I like my books to end with a celebration. You have to have drinks all around."

**Arts Agenda**

A series of five concerts devoted to Hungarian chamber music will be given beginning Dec. 2 at the Salle Gaveau in Paris, with the Bartok and Eder quartets of Budapest sharing the platform.

## THE PRINCE PIERRE OF MONACO MUSICAL COMPOSITION PRIZE

1979

The Prize of Musical Composition organized by the Prince Pierre of Monaco Foundation will be awarded for the twentieth time in the spring of 1979 at Monte-Carlo, the date limit for sending in works is fixed at APRIL 1st, 1979.

This competition, endowed with a prize of 30,000 FRENCH FRANCS, will be reserved solely for works of CHAMBER MUSIC.

The work having obtained the Prince Pierre of Monaco Musical Composition Prize, may be executed at Monaco in the course of the year which follows the jury's decision.

To obtain the rules of the competition and for all complementary information, apply to:

The General Secretary of the Foundation Prince Pierre of Monaco Palais Princier - MONACO

## Theater in Paris

A Graceful Debut  
By Michele Morgan

**P**ARIS, Nov. 16 (IHT) — Michele Morgan, gleaming ornament of the French cinema for three decades, is making her stage debut at the Theatre du Palais-Royal. As Miss Morgan is a most adored Gallic screen idol, there is a fervor stamped to have a look at her "in person." The house is sold out nightly.

There she is, behind the pink footlights of the famed temple of laughter at the Rue Montpensier. She will disappoint none, for she is as blithe, graceful and fascinating as her celluloid image. Her blonde beauty, sparkling blue eyes and aristocratic poise suit her to be a heroine of Balzac, Dickens or Dostoevsky. In the movies she has been everything else — from the bar girl of "Quai des Brumes" to Marie Antoinette. Having taken temporary leave of "pictures," she is still a picture, a very alluring one, and to her ardent fans it must be as though a glossy pinup had come to life. The play is not the thing at the Palais-Royal; the thing is Michele

supposed to be an ex-wife, a widow or a freed woman, and who was son's father, but by the time one gets to the door to leave all this has been forgotten. One remembers the son distinctly because he wears a smart blue shirt with white collar and navy striped cravat.

Pierre Mondy, always a reliable comedian, does yeoman service to the lady's steady beau, though he has had to produce most of the humor out of his own pocket and beaming, manipulates some puppets as the script's attempt to add a dash of Achard whimsy. Jean-Pierre Bouvier, a splendid young actor, filters the part of the clumsy troubadour through his own engaging personality.

The important news is that Michele Morgan differs from most of her cinema sisters. It is the career that makes most screen actresses and often when they take to the theater the stage unmakes them. Miss Morgan's glorious radiance is disclosed as nofeat of trick photography. It is genuine. She has none of the transparent self-consciousness of film stars exposed to the theater's spotlight. She has a pleasant voice, natural manner, charming presence and that indefinable elegance that the French term "la chien." She is on the stage to stay — if she wants to.

The Brecht vogue may be on the wane, but the Teutonic sense of the century's first quarter continues to fascinate the French theater's avant-garde. Wedekind, Sterne and von Horvath have been belatedly discovered, and now curiosities about the quandary artists of the German cabaret is widespread and inspiring long-distance imitation.

At "Le Manuscrit" (20 Rue des Quatre-Fils), the newly-formed Sarah Vajda is engaged in a tiny, catatonic show, "Paris-Münch," adapted, as the program relates from the skits of Karl Valentin.

Valentin, the Munich chansonnier, was renowned as a ribald, witty ribber of the pre-Hitler Bavarian bourgeoisie.

The miniature spectacle is composed of the daydreams of its mistress of ceremonies as she recalls her youth. She tells of her first communion, her first love affair, her growing distaste for her parents and of a bohemian family feast. There is a deliberately studied air to it all, with the use of grotesque makeup, stylized gestures and ominous music. The staging is so solid that it might be mistaken for Strindberg at his Strindbergian.

**Outlawing Inflation**

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 16 (UPI) — Ohio legislator John A. Galbraith believes in taking direct action against mankind's nemesis. Two years ago, Galbraith, a Republican state representative from Maumee, fought the energy crisis by proposing legislation to do away with winter. Now comes a bill from Galbraith eliminating inflation in Ohio. Galbraith's bill would make it illegal to bring "cheap money" into Ohio and would make "hard-earned dollars" the only acceptable currency.

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## BUSINESS

INTERNATIONAL

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PARIS, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1978

## FINANCE

Page 9

**U.S. Duties at Issue****Trade Talks Impasse Develops**

By Bhushan Bahree

GENEVA, Nov. 16 (AP-DJ) — The world trade talks have stalled and are in danger of founders unless the United States and the European Economic Community can very soon resolve a dispute over countervailing duties which U.S. authorities will impose the first of the year.

At a press conference today, EEC officials said the talks could be restarted in a meaningful way only when President Carter gives a firm assurance that a bill would be

reintroduced in Congress to extend the ability of the U.S. Treasury to waive countervailing duties on imports that have been subsidized by foreign governments. Authority to waive such duties expires Jan. 3, and the Treasury will then be obliged to immediately start levying charges that would offset subsidies that EEC governments give to export industries that sell about \$500 million of goods to the United States each year.

The U.S. response to the EEC's demand, which was made last night by special trade negotiator Robert

Strauss to EEC Commission vice president Wilhelm Haferkamp, is far from clear.

A spokesman today said that U.S. negotiators recognized that the community needed the assurance that duties would not be levied against their exports of the subsidized goods — including cheese from the Netherlands, and canned ham and cookies from Denmark.

He said they were working on several solutions with EEC officials so that a meeting of the community's Council of Ministers next week in Brussels could be satisfied and would then authorize the EEC negotiators to go ahead and seek to end the trade talks.

The surplus has been a source of contention between Japan and its trading partners in the United States and Europe. The October surplus with the nine-nation European Economic Community was \$507 million.

The October surplus on current account, which includes merchandise trade and so-called invisibles such as insurance and banking, totaled \$400 million, sharply down from a \$1.872 billion surplus in September and down from a \$1.356 billion surplus in October 1977.

The Finance Ministry's preliminary report said that exports totaled \$8.52 billion last month, up 21 percent from a year earlier, while imports rose 20 percent to \$6.98 billion.

Analysts said they thought that they detected a pause in the recent credit-tightening moves by the Federal Reserve but the markets grew uneasy after the Fed announced a new category, M-1 Plus, in reporting money-supply data.

After the close, the Fed said the M-1 money supply for the week ended Nov. 8 rose \$1.1 billion to \$36.21 billion and M-2 rose \$2.4 billion to \$870.5 billion. The Fed

**Congressman Warns Of Protectionism**

terrestrial Symposium that opened here Monday. Speaking at a news conference here, he said adverse action might be taken on trade matters in the Congress that convenes Jan. 15.

"We do not have the answers," he said. "The time for negotiations has long passed, the congressional

elections are over, and unless the trade imbalance is substantially reversed in the next several months, there will be protective measures added to a number of legislative items in 1979."

"Our message is simple," Mr. Jones said. "It is that the political problem is urgent and unless you do something about it, you will be the first loser, the United States the second, and the world will be the third."

**Wall St. Prices Higher; Money Supply Increases**

NEW YORK, Nov. 16 (Reuters)

— Prices on the New York Stock Exchange scored a solid advance in moderate trading today, helped by a firm dollar and bargain hunting.

Analysts said they thought that they detected a pause in the recent credit-tightening moves by the Federal Reserve but the markets grew uneasy after the Fed announced a new category, M-1 Plus, in reporting money-supply data.

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said computer problems delayed reporting on M-1 Plus.

The Commerce Department said business inventories in September rose \$2.2 billion or 0.6 percent to a seasonally adjusted \$365.02 billion. The increase compared with a rise in August of \$3.5 billion or 1 percent to an adjusted upward revised \$362.82 billion.

The Dow Jones industrial average rose 7.89 points to 793.49 and advances led declines 923 to 504. Volume fell to 21.34 million shares from yesterday's 26.28 million.

Hilton Hotels gained 24 to 45¢. AT&T split its stock and raised the dividend. Occidental Petroleum, which signed a \$250-million deal with Moscow, rose ¾ to 15¢.

P.R. Mallory said it received an offer from Dart Industries to raise its tender offer to \$51 a share from \$46. Mallory said Dart's offer is conditional on Mallory's board recommending the offer to its stockholders. Mallory added 2% to 45¢ and Dart ½ to 36¢.

Union Bancorp said holders of more than 80 percent of its outstanding shares approved the proposed merger of Union with a subsidiary of Standard Chartered Bank. Union gained ¾ to 27¢.

Prices on the American Stock Exchange also rose, with the market-value index gaining 1.34 points to 6.75 to 7.5 percent.

Concerning the prediction on prices, he said that cost increases already in the economic pipeline "will be placing continued pressure on the price structure, so that it will be difficult to break the momentum of inflation." The actions taken by President Carter and the Fed Nov. 1 to strengthen the dollar had helped reduce chances for a recession by correcting disorderly conditions in foreign exchange markets.

Both OPEC countries and non-oil exporting developing countries continued to reduce their dollar assets during the quarter, the department said.

In its quarterly report on international capital flows, the department also said foreign purchases of U.S. securities other than Treasury securities were \$400 million in the quarter compared with \$1.3 billion in the second quarter, reflecting a shift to net foreign sales of U.S. stocks.

Claims on foreigners by U.S. banks increased \$8.9 billion compared with an increase of \$300 million in the prior quarter. Net U.S. purchases of foreign securities were \$300 million compared with \$1.1 billion in the second quarter. The decrease was more than accounted for by a decrease in new foreign bond issues, the department said.

**M-1 Target Lowered****Miller Sees No Signs Of a 'Credit Crunch'**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (JHT)

— Federal Reserve Board chairman William Miller told Congress today that inflation will not slow next year as rapidly as the administration would like, but he sees no sign of a coming recession nor a "credit crunch" due to tight credit conditions.

The M-1 Plus aggregate grew about 11 percent from mid-1976 to mid-1977, 7 percent in 1977 and 6 percent in the most recent four quarters. He said the board is still not sure M-1 Plus is the ideal aggregate to measure the basic money supply but added the board will refine its procedures as necessary.

On another subject, Mr. Miller said the Fed has no evidence that U.S. banks have engaged in international manipulation of the dollar, but he added the agency plans to take a critical look at banks' international transactions in order to pinpoint possible wrongdoing.

**Foreign Assets In U.S. Increase**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (AP-DJ)

— Foreign official assets invested in the United States increased \$4.5 billion in this year's third quarter after a \$5.1-billion decrease in the second quarter, the Commerce Department said today. It said an increase in dollar holdings of industrial countries more than accounted for the increase.

The action to correct the dollar situation will lessen the chances for a recession," Mr. Miller said. He added, however, it would take 5-to-7 years to bring the U.S. inflation rate down below 2 percent.

On the money supply, he said the lower M-1 target reflects an expectation that the public will be shifting funds out of checking accounts to take advantage of the new regulations permitting automatic transfers from savings to checking accounts, the so-called "now" accounts.

In the light of the uncertainties connected with money supply performance under the new regulations, Mr. Miller said the Fed's Open Market Committee has defined a new aggregate known as M-1 Plus and set the growth target for that category at 5-to-7.5 percent.

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Washington, Nov. 16 (AP-DJ)

— France posted an unadjusted trade surplus of 1.16 billion francs (about \$265 million) in October, down from a surplus of 1.39 billion francs a year earlier, the External Trade Ministry reported today.

Seasonally adjusted figures show a surplus of 721 million francs, down from a September surplus of 1.30 billion francs. Over the first 10 months of this year, French trade showed an unadjusted surplus of 3.15 billion francs, compared with a deficit in the like year-ago period of 10.64 billion.

Seasonally adjusted figures for the same periods show a surplus of 2.58 billion francs compared with a deficit of 10.8 billion francs.

U.S. Industrial Use Increases in October

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (AP-DJ) — British and Chinese leaders today agreed in principle on a major increase in their trade, boosting it up to \$10 billion by 1985 from its present level of \$400 million yearly.

The accord was reached during an hour-long meeting between Prime Minister James Callaghan and China's visiting Vice Premier Wang Chen.

One of four components that would form part of a balanced British-Chinese relationship, Mr. Callaghan stressed in his talk with Mr. Wang, lays down a British undertaking to sell defense weapons to China subject to consultations with Britain's allies.

U.K. Money Supply Up

LONDON, Nov. 16 (AP-DJ) — Britain's broadly defined version of the money supply, M-3, rose by a seasonally adjusted £20 million, or 1.1 percent, in the month to Oct. 18, the Bank of England said today.

In the six months since mid-April, M-3 has increased by just over 3.5 percent, or at annual rate of about 7.25 percent, the bank said.

U.S. Industrial Use Increases in October

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (AP-DJ) — Factories operated at a seasonally adjusted 85.3 percent of capacity in October, up from 85.1 percent of capacity in September and 85 percent in August, the Federal Reserve Board said today.

The rate for advanced processing industries was an adjusted 83.9 percent in October, up from 83.5 percent in September and 83.6 percent in August. For primary processing industries the operating rate declined slightly to 87.7 percent of capacity from 87.8 percent the month before.

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			12 Month Stock High			Ch'tpe Sls.						
			High	Low	Div.	In \$	Yld.	P/E				
37%	26% ACP	2.10	1.9	7	13	31%	31	31	24%	18%	-16	
22%	15% AMF	1.24	1.2	7	40	13%	15%	16	+16	20%	-16	
15%	16% API	1.11	1.1	45	59	5%	5%	5%	-16	10%	-16	
45%	32% ARA	1.44	1.4	8	49	34%	35%	35%	-16	10%	-16	
37%	19% ASIA	1.43	1.4	43	53	21%	21%	21%	-16	10%	-16	
17%	8% AT&T	1.40	1.4	4	49	5%	5%	5%	-16	10%	-16	
40	29% Abbott	1.24	1.24	94	94	31%	31%	31%	-16	10%	-16	
22%	11% AcmeC	1.11	1.1	6	8	15%	16%	16%	-16	10%	-16	
61%	3% AdmDex	.94	1.1	5	34	3%	3%	3%	-16	10%	-16	
13	11% AdmEx	1.10	9.3	61	11%	11%	11%	11%	-16	10%	-16	
81%	3% AdmHd	2.06	4.7	3	41	4%	4%	4%	-16	10%	-16	
33%	13% Adress	.28	1.3	8	151	20%	20%	20%	-16	10%	-16	
45%	31% AdmHd	.23	5.3	44	37%	34%	34%	34%	-16	10%	-16	
15%	12% Admire	.1	34	12	154	13%	13%	13%	-16	10%	-16	
4	21% Admire	.1	5.4	10	18	18%	18%	18%	-16	10%	-16	
31%	18% AirtPrd	.40	2.4	9	94	32%	31%	31%	-16	10%	-16	
26%	14% AirtPrd	.10	1.4	8	15	15%	16%	16%	-16	10%	-16	
15%	11% Akron	.80	6.13	53	19%	19%	19%	19%	-16	10%	-16	
18	14% Akron	.40	9.4	2	12	14%	14%	14%	-16	10%	-16	
94%	8% AlcoP	.07	10.	28	55	5%	5%	5%	-16	10%	-16	
97%	8% AlcoP	.07	10.	28	55	5%	5%	5%	-16	10%	-16	
73%	7% AlcoPr	.82	1.0	20	71	5%	5%	5%	-16	10%	-16	
22%	14% AlcoSkin	.46	4.0	15	56	14%	14%	14%	-16	10%	-16	
24%	14% Albany	.40	2.2	12	29%	29%	29%	29%	-16	10%	-16	
76%	6% AlcoS	.26	5.2	10	19	19%	19%	19%	-16	10%	-16	
45%	24% AlcoS	.36	1.1	5	31	14%	14%	14%	-16	10%	-16	
21%	21% AlcoS	.36	1.1	5	31	14%	14%	14%	-16	10%	-16	
55%	15% AlcoS	.1	5.4	10	18	18%	18%	18%	-16	10%	-16	
24%	14% AlcoS	.40	2.2	12	29%	29%	29%	29%	-16	10%	-16	
76%	6% AlcoS	.26	5.2	10	19	19%	19%	19%	-16	10%	-16	
45%	24% AlcoS	.36	1.1	5	31	14%	14%	14%	-16	10%	-16	
21%	21% AlcoS	.36	1.1	5	31	14%	14%	14%	-16	10%	-16	
55%	15% AlcoS	.1	5.4	10	18	18%	18%	18%	-16	10%	-16	
24%	14% AlcoS	.40	2.2	12	29%	29%	29%	29%	-16	10%	-16	
76%	6% AlcoS	.26	5.2	10	19	19%	19%	19%	-16	10%	-16	
45%	24% AlcoS	.36	1.1	5	31	14%	14%	14%	-16	10%	-16	
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45%	24% AlcoS	.36	1.1	5	31	14%	14%	14%	-16	10%	-16	
21%	21% AlcoS	.36	1.1	5	31	14%	14%	14%	-16	10%	-16	
55%	15% AlcoS	.1	5.4	10	18	18%	18%	18%	-16	10%	-	

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**ADVERTISEMENT**

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# Flash...Paris Bourse

NOV. 16, 1978

COMPANY	INDUS.	1978 HIGH-LOW	CLOS. PRICE Nov. 16	HIGH-LOW MON-WED.	P/E	% YIELD (%)	EARN. PER SHL. '75, '76, '77	SHS. OUTS. (000)	LATEST COMPANY NEWS
AQUITAINE.....	Petrol	593 - 300	535	546 - 530	7	3.3	83.00 - 55.43c - 82.00	14,774	Capital increase: one free share for 5 old ones, valid as of Jan. 1, 1979.
BOUYGUES .....	Construct.	930 - 322.10	800	817 - 794	10	3.5	25.92 - 30.34c - 83.50c	600	Group 3rd quarter '78 turnover (ex-tax) = 987.09 MF vs. 805 MF (+22.5%).
BSN GERVAIS DANONE .....	Glass food	690 - 311.60	578	583 - 570	29	4.7	24.39 - 20.12c - 20.10c	2,332	1st semester '78 group consolidated turnover = 7,254 MF vs. 6,604 MF (+9.8%).
CHARGEURS REUNIS .....	Shipping Air transp.	214.90 - 125	180.20	185 - 180	12	6.5	16.41 - 13.34 - 15.60	1,866	9 months '78 gross revenue = 4.1% vs. 36.4 MF, 9 months '77.
CHIMIQUE ROUTIERE .....	Public works	134.20 - 80	126	128.50 - 125.20	9	6.3	18.02 - 24.40c - 14.30c	1,672	SCEG, Routes & Travaux Publics with Libya for route construction (223 km).
CREDIT COM. DE FRANCE ...	Bank	144.20 - 98.10	131	131 - 130	10	6.1	15.85 - 14.08c - 13.30	5,766	CCF lead manager of int'l. cons. in extra \$130Mn. credit for Brazil project.
CREDIT INDUSTR. & COMM. .	Bank	133 - 74	122.50	122.20 - 121.50	14	5.7	10.84 - 8.74 - 9.00	4,528	New SICAV in French securities (FRA) to be offered public by CIC group as of Dec. 1.
CREUSOT-LOIRE .....	Heavy Ind	103.30 - 48.60	61	63.60 - 61.30	—	—	9.62 - 5.56c - —	3,684	Company's first 9 months '78 net (ex. taxes) = 4,298 MF (+3.3% vs. 1977).
EURAFRANCE .....	Holding	370 - 142	333	347 - 333	5	3.5	35.50c - 54.30c - 69.50c	2,193	'77-'78 net operating income p. 20.4F. vs. 15.7 F. Net div. 13F.
FERODO S.A.F.....	Equip. Autom.	550 - 326	471	471 - 470	12	4.4	29.27 - 73.01c - 38.20	1,574	License accord with British Leyland, manuf. of special Ferodo pads.
IMETAL .....	Mining	73.05 - 45.80	58.10	60.20 - 58.50	6	6.5	2.44 - 21.51c - 10.32	7,944	Copperweld (USA) 1st semi '78 turnover = \$212.8Mn. vs. \$171.2 Mn. in '77 (+10%).
MOET-HENNESSY .....	Beverag.	614 - 312.10	575	589 - 578	26	1.5	5.71 - 12.71c - 20.80c	3,158	First 9 months consolidated turnover (ex-taxes) = 1,293 MF (+26% vs. 1977).
NORD (Compagnie du) .....	Holding	38.50 - 15	28.10	29.55 - 28.80	—	5.3	0.29 - 1.72 - 2.15	13,284	Banque Rothschild-Cie. du Nord to be submitted to December 1979.
PECHINNEY-UG.-KUHLMANN..	Chemman	110 - 63	88.55	89.30 - 88.70	16	5.6	6.30 - 6.00c - 5.60	25,491	1st 9 months '78 consol. turnover = 2.1Bn. (+3.6%) of which 52.5% from overseas.
PSA PEUGEOT-CITROEN....	Holding	535 - 241.10	497	502 - 495.20	4	2.3	42.79 - 132.77 - 134.45c	9,862	Expect holding's 1978 net profit to be slightly over 1977 results.
RAFFINAGE (Cie. Fr.) .....	Petrol.	98 - 51.20	85.40	86 - 85.90	—	7.0	— - - - -	5,450	1978 first semester turnover = 9,170 MF vs. 9,278.99 MF (-1.1%).
REDROUTE .....	Mail order	650 - 451	590	586 - 578	12	3.1	45.57 - 47.86c - 48.00c	926	August turnover up by some. Overall increase (March 1-Aug. 30).
RHONE-POULENC .....	Chemicals	124.90 - 47.60	124.90	124 - 123.50	28	4.8	5.83 - 6.34 - 4.40c	18,941	1st. semester 1978 consol. turnover = 13,164 MF vs. 12,324 MF in 1977 (+7.7%).
ROBECO .....	Invest. Corp.	384 - 337.40	345	345 - 341	—	10.5	(not relevant)	25,300	Robeco cases Aug. 31: US 39%, Japan 11%, Germ. 8%, other 20% cash 11%.
SKIS ROSSIGNOL .....	Ski manuf.	1900 - 1339	1840	1830 - 1810	26	1.2	75.76 - 87.48 - 70.00c	310	ACRO (USA) acquisition allows tennis racket product to exceed 1 m.
							(b) Tax credit not included.		c Consolidated,



## Currency Rates

By reading across this table of the November 16, 1978's closing interbank foreign exchange rates, one can find the value of the major currencies in the national currencies of each of the following financial centers.

	S	E	DM	FF	L.B.	Gdr.	BP cent.	Swiss F.	Dan. Kr.
Amsterdam	2.064	4.02	108.00	47.16	0.2434	—	6.89%	124.50	39.12
Buenos Aires	20.91	51.542	15.684	6.5772	3.536	14.42	—	2.40	1.20
Frankfurt	1.951	3.793	12.00	4.00	2.00	9.21	0.78%	11.44	2.35
London	1.952	3.775	12.00	4.00	2.00	9.21	0.78%	11.44	2.35
Milan	844.55	1,656.00	645.90	193.32	11.04	28.29	507.89	162.83	7.00
New York	1.475	3.08	87.44	22.20	1.00	5.16	0.78%	28.25	1.00
Zurich	1.675	3.34	87.44	22.20	1.00	5.16	0.78%	28.25	1.00

The following dollar values are quoted on the London foreign exchange market: Danish Krone 5.25775; Escudo 46.50; Israeli £ 18.86; Peseta: 71.135; Schilling: 13.913; Sw. Krona 4.368; Yen 193.00; New. Kwanza 5.054; Pin Mart. 3.986; Belgian Financial Franc 30.245; Hong Kong \$ 4.7915; Singapore \$ 2.1955; Canadian \$ 85.14 U.S. cents.

(e) Commercial. (\*) Units of 100. (x) Units of 1000. (y) Units of 10,000. (z) Amounts needed to buy one pound.

## Paris Commodities

(Figures in French francs per metric ton)

November 16, 1978

High Low Close Chg.

(B.M.A. Asked)

Previous

(B.M.A. Asked)

SUGAR

Nov 965 985 978 952 105 +15

Mar 1145 1224 1145 1120 1125 +15

May 1175 1224 1145 1120 1125 +15

Oct 1225 1270 1145 1120 1125 +15

Dec 1243 1260 1245 1230 1235 +15

Jan 1250 1260 1245 1230 1235 +15

Feb 1250 1260 1245 1230 1235 +15

Mar 1250 1260 1245 1230 1235 +15

JULY lots of 50 tons.

COCOA

Dec 2,110 2,087 2,102 2,084 +208

Mar 2,143 2,125 2,102 2,084 +208

May 2,159 2,135 2,102 2,084 +208

Oct 2,189 2,155 2,165 2,149 +215

Dec 2,178 2,155 2,165 2,149 +215

Jan 2,184 2,160 2,165 2,149 +215

Feb 2,178 2,160 2,165 2,149 +215

Mar 2,178 2,160 2,165 2,149 +215

JULY lots of 10 tons.

COFFEE

Nov 1,571 1,670 1,672 1,674 1,675 +15

Mar 1,675 1,672 1,674 1,675 +15

May 1,680 1,675 1,674 1,675 +15

Oct 1,685 1,675 1,674 1,675 +15

Dec 1,685 1,675 1,674 1,675 +15

Jan 1,685 1,675 1,674 1,675 +15

Feb 1,685 1,675 1,674 1,675 +15

Mar 1,685 1,675 1,674 1,675 +15

JULY lots of 10 tons.

COFFEE C

Nov 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Mar 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

May 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Oct 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Dec 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Jan 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Feb 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Mar 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

JULY lots of 10 tons.

COFFEE "C"

Nov 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Mar 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

May 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Oct 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Dec 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Jan 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Feb 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Mar 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

JULY lots of 10 tons.

COFFEE "C"

Nov 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Mar 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

May 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Oct 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Dec 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Jan 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Feb 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Mar 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

JULY lots of 10 tons.

COFFEE "C"

Nov 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Mar 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

May 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Oct 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Dec 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Jan 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Feb 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Mar 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

JULY lots of 10 tons.

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JULY lots of 10 tons.

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Jan 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Feb 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Mar 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

JULY lots of 10 tons.

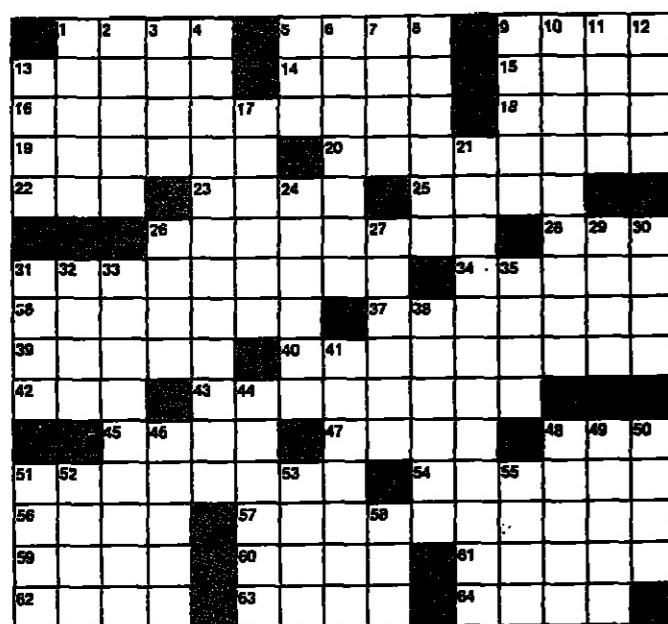
COFFEE "C"

Nov 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100

Mar 2,050 2,050 2,050 2,050 +100



## CROSSWORD By Eugene T. Maleska



**ACROSS**

- 1 Servicewoman
- 5 Where harem girls live
- 9 Usher's beat scene: 1836
- 13 Texas battle
- 14 Lugosi
- 15 Come — (inherit)
- 16 "Total Woman" types
- 18 — time
- 19 World's third largest island
- 20 Kind of parlor
- 22 Unclose, to poets
- 23 Church list
- 25 Wild hog
- 26 Tranquillizers
- 28 Boorish male
- 31 Set free
- 34 German dollar
- 36 Noteworthy
- 37 Piece of jewelry
- 39 Kathleen Winsor's heroine
- 40 Citizens of the "Heart of Dixie"
- 42 Liquor-cabinet item
- 43 Bumpers and Wallop

**DOWN**

- 1 Cutter's next of kin
- 2 Chaplain
- 3 Chaplain's word
- 4 Phenomenon in many modern marriages
- 5 Geisha's sash
- 6 Stray
- 7 Guinness
- 8 Japanese seaport
- 9 Queen's headdress
- 10 Among other things: Lat.
- 45 Raise a family
- 47 Truck rig
- 48 Wallach
- 51 Like "Little Rhody."
- 54 Lacking pep
- 56 Dancer's skirt
- 57 "Leg art"
- 59 Not new
- 60 Act studied in law school
- 61 — away from (shunned)
- 62 Adam of literature
- 63 Just average
- 64 Realtor's sign

## WEATHER

C	F	MADRID	C	F	CLOUDY
AMSTERDAM	54	CLOUDY	MIAMI	27	Fair
ANKARA	57	CLOUDY	MILAN	13	MIST
ATHENS	63	Fair	MONTREAL	4	FAIR
BEIRUT	64	Fair	MOSCOW	4	OVERCAST
BELGRADE	65	MIST	MUNICH	14	MIST
BRUSSELS	66	Fair	NICE	9	CLOUDY
BUCHAREST	68	MIST	OSLO	7	45
BUDAPEST	73	MIST	PARIS	12	54
CASABLANCA	74	CLOUDY	PRAGUE	5	MIST
COPENHAGEN	75	Snowers	ROME	17	43
COSTA DEL SOL	76	Fair	SOFIA	—	30
DUBLIN	78	SHOWERS	STOCKHOLM	9	CLOUDY
EDINBURGH	79	Fair	TEHRAN	10	50
FLORENCE	80	MIST	TEL AVIV	10	50
FRANKFURT	81	MIST	TOKYO	15	45
GENEVA	82	OVERCAST	TURKISH	16	41
HELSINKI	84	CLOUDY	VIEENNA	17	30
ISTANBUL	85	MIST	WARSAW	9	OVERCAST
LAS PALMAS	86	Fair	WASHINGTON	10	50
LISBON	87	MIST	ZURICH	10	50
LONDON	88	MIST		10	50
LOS ANGELES	89	Fair		10	50

(Yesterday's readings U.S. and Canada at 1700 GMT; Los Angeles at 2000 GMT; all others at 1200 GMT.)

## INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

## ADVERTISEMENT

November 16, 1978

The net asset value quotations shown here are supplied by the funds listed with the exception of some funds which quote daily based on last price. The following money market funds are quoted weekly: (d) — daily; (m) — monthly; (r) — regularly; (u) — irregularly.

BANK JULIUS BAER &amp; Co Ltd:

(d) Bond Fund ..... SF 722.25  
(d) Comer ..... SF 673.00  
(d) G Stock Fund ..... SF 690.00

BANQUE VON ERNST &amp; CIE:

(d) CEF Fund ..... SF 15.70  
(d) Crossbow Fund ..... SF 5.77  
(d) ITC Fund ..... SF 7.75

BRITANNIA TRUST (MONTREAL) Ltd:

(d) High Int' Interest Trust ..... \$5.12

(d) High Int' Interest Sterlin. .... \$0.35

CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL:

(d) Capital Int'l Fund ..... \$17.48

(d) Capital Int'l Fund ..... \$10.49

(d) Convertible Capital S.A. .... \$26.76

CREDIT SUISSE:

(d) Actions Suisse ..... \$201.25

(d) Corporate ..... SF 10.00

(d) C.S. Funds-Int'l. .... \$2.50

(d) Energie-Votor. .... SF 353.00

(d) Europe-Votor. .... \$0.75

DIT INVESTMENT FRANKFURT:

(d) Concentro ..... \$22.00

(d) Int'l Remittance. .... \$10.00

FIDELITY PO Box 50 Hamilton, Bermuda:

(d) Fidelity Int'l Fund ..... \$21.67

(d) Fidelity Off. Svc Fund ..... \$60.38

(d) Fidelity Int'l Fund ..... \$21.15

(d) Fidelity Off. Svc Fund ..... \$13.54

FIDELITY PO Box 95, St Heller, Jersey C.I.:

(d) Fidelity Starting A ..... \$1.54

(d) Fidelity Starting D ..... \$12.67

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(d) G.T. Doller Fund ..... \$5.67

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(d) Jardine Japan Fund ..... \$97.53

(d) Jardine S.E. Asia Fund ..... \$9.07

LLOYDS BANK INT'L, P.C. &amp; GENEVA:

(d) Lioris Int'l Growth ..... SF 21.05

(d) Lioris Int'l Fund ..... \$15.05

(d) Suro Int'l Fund ..... \$15.05

ROTSCHILD ASSET AGENT (Bermuda):

(d) Rotschild Assets Ltd. .... \$9.94

SOFID/GROUPE GENEVA:

(d) Sofid S.E. Asia Fund ..... SF 1.34/5.50

(d) Sofid Securities Fund ..... SF 9.00

SWISS BANK CORP:

(d) Asperito-Vator. .... SF 290.20

(d) Int'l Inv. Fund ..... SF 10.00

(d) Int'l Inv. Fund ..... SF 40.25

(d) Int'l Inv. Fund ..... SF 22.25

(d) Int'l Inv. Fund ..... SF 16.00

(d) Goblet. .... SF 51.25

(d) Pacific Inv. Fund ..... SF 27.00

(d) Sofid South Afr. Inv. .... SF 19.00

(d) Sofid South Afr. Inv. .... SF 11.00

(d) Bond Inv. Fund ..... SF 25.49

(d) Euro Inv. Fund ..... SF 25.49

(d) Euro Inv. Fund ..... SF 35.25

(d) Sofid South Afr. Inv. .... SF 19.00

(d) Sofid South Afr. Inv. .... SF



## Letter From Washington

**J. Carter: All You Don't Need to Know**

By James Gerstenzang

**WASHINGTON** (AP) — President Carter does not, repeat, watch television for recreation. Nor can he tolerate hops, beans or Swiss cheese.

His hair size is 7, but he doesn't wear hats. His first car was a 1948 Studebaker (the model, aptly enough, was the "Commander"), and he drove it across the country.

Those and hundred of other details are listed in a 13-page pamphlet compiled for White House staff members to answer some of the most frequently asked questions about the president of the United States.

The entries catalog the high and not-so-high points of the president's life, from moment of birth (7 a.m., Oct. 1, 1924, in Plains, Ga., with Dr. S.P. Wate attending) to election to the nation's highest office on Nov. 2, 1976 (with 40,274,975 votes, 51 percent of those cast). \*

A sampler:

- Carter stole a penny from his church's collection plate when he was 5 years old, for which he got a whipping from his father.

• He shot his sister Gloria "in the rear end" with a BB gun after she threw a wrench at him. For this, too, he was whipped. What prompted Gloria to take aim at her brother is not discussed.

• His refusal to sing "Marching Through Georgia" at the U.S. Naval Academy earned him a paddling.

• As a youth: The president had a treehouse; had many black friends, although his schools were segregated; parlayed profits from selling peanuts on the streets of Plains to invest in five small houses he rented out until he was 25 years old.

• The president-to-be spotted an unidentified flying object in October, 1969.

• Carter went on his first date when he was 13 years old, driving the family pickup truck alone for the first time. A Georgia state law requiring drivers' licenses did not go into effect until 1938, the following year. The minimum age for learners was 15, but Capt. Jimmy Quarles of the Georgia State Patrol said "things were pretty lax in those days."

Carter went on his first date with his future wife, Rosalynn Smith,



President Carter.

during the summer of 1945, and immediately told his mother, "She's the girl I want to marry."

\* \* \*

How about favorites?

The president's favorite biblical quotation (Revelation 3:20): "Behold I stand at the door and knock; if any man hear my voice, and open the door, I will come in to him and will sup with him, and he with me."

Color: blue.

Spectator sport: stockcar racing.

Books: "Let Us Now Praise Famous Men" by James Agee and "War and Peace" by Leo Tolstoy.

Poet: Dylan Thomas.

\* \* \*

Patricia Barrio, director of media liaison, says the material was culled to help deal with the public's curiously about the new president, who spent considerable campaign hours answering the question "Jimmy Whoo?"

While the list focuses heavily on what the president likes, a few dislikes are thrown in. It says that his reaction to hops, beans, Swiss cheese "and other similar foods" is choking and difficulty in swallowing.

In a section on sports and hobbies is the following entry: "Does not watch television for recreation." The "not" is underlined.

**A Lighthouse Is Not a Home — Yet**

By David Larsen

**TILLAMOOK HEAD, Ore.** Nov. 16 — Several years ago Max Shillock, hiking along a beach here with some college classmates, pointed to a structure more than a mile out at sea. "See that? I'll either end up in the lighthouse or the White House," he said.

For the time being, it's the lighthouse. He has one of his very own, built on a monolith that has withstood the pounding of the ocean for probably a million years.

"Erecting a lighthouse at Tillamook Rock was considered one of the greatest engineering feats of its kind," reflected Katherine O'Neill, sitting back in an easy chair in her rambling Portland house. "My grandfather supplied the steel and iron."

It was exactly a century ago that the U.S. government decided to tame the huge basalt rock — tall as a 10-story building — that had terrorized sailors for centuries.

A force of nine quarrymen landed successfully. Their first order of business was to string a rope from the mast of the supply vessel to the summit of the rock. A hook was rigged to transfer supplies and — for the men themselves — a breeches buoy was made from a pair of trousers and a life belt.

The workmen, braving savage Pacific storms in nothing more than a tent, began blasting away the top of the rock, which was rounded like a turtle's back. The crown was eventually removed, and by February of 1881 a granite structure was completed, comprising a group of keepers' dwellings around a square light tower 48 feet high.

The cost of building the station was \$123,493. Its beacon could be seen for 18 miles at sea. But by 1957, the Terrible Tillamook, as it was known, was too costly to maintain. It was abandoned by the Coast Guard in favor of a modern radar buoy.

On Sept. 1 of that year, Oswald Allik, a keeper, tripped the switch and made his final comment in the station journal: "An era has ended. With this final entry, and not without sentiment, I return thee to the elements."

In the past 20 years the station has changed hands a few times, and earlier this year Shillock paid \$27,000 for it — sight unseen.

The description on his deed reads:

"An isolated basaltic rock known as Tillamook Rock, standing in the Pacific Ocean approximately one mile seaward of the most westerly point of Tillamook Head."

"I couldn't have found a more inaccessible acre of ground unless I'd chosen a parcel of the moon," Shillock said, as a helicopter chugged over the verdant Oregon coast and out toward the sea.

Shillock is a wiry 25-year-old who lives in Portland and inherited a trust fund from his grandparents. He drives a Mark V Continental, makes a living as an investor and concedes that he is wealthy. For years one of his pastimes has been collecting Coca-Cola memorabilia. Now he has apparently started collecting lighthouses.

As the helicopter settled down onto a flat area of the historic mass, he mused: "How many people get a chance to take something that is dying and make it live again?"

Shillock paid \$27,000 for this lonely piece of real estate.

Andy Hoye, Los Angeles Times

ter is up to 240 feet deep, the waves send a pulse against the rock.

There are four bedrooms, each with a porch window, each with such niceties as bumpers for the doors. Here and there are old cots, a rusting refrigerator, even a keg rack for 50 gallons of cola syrup. In the cobwebbed, dank interior, a flashlight beam reveals spools of cable, cans of nails, a calendar opened to September, 1957.

A spiral staircase (77 steps) winds to the light tower. The lens was removed when the station was decommissioned, but the uppermost floor affords a breathtaking view; it would make a marvelous hotel.

"That's just it," Shillock said on the way back to shore. "I don't really know what I can do with it."

There are many problems to be overcome if the historic structure is to be re-accommodate human beings. For one thing, considering the dirt that has accumulated, the new owner faces a massive job of lighthouse keeping. Electrical connections are still in place, but a generator would have to be installed. The kitchen appears usable, as do the room radiators.

Foremost, though, is the challenge of transportation. Since guests might have reservations about being hoisted from boats by a crane, helicopters appear the only answer, and they are expensive.

"I feel as if I have a responsibility to the people of Oregon to preserve the landmark," Shillock said. "I have considered it as a restaurant or a vacation retreat, although I have to admit that if the right offer came I would sell it. I did get an offer from a funeral director in Portland who wants to convert it to a mausoleum."

For the time being, though, he is content to know that he is one of the world's few lighthouse owners.

Should others become available he could purchase them and convert them into dwellings — Shillock hopes.

© Los Angeles Times

**PEOPLE: Cronkite Sues Store; Not 'Ultimate Gift'**

CBS anchorman Walter Cronkite has sued a department store, contending that it sought to exploit his personality and reputation by using his name in its Christmas catalog. Cronkite seeks a temporary injunction and unspecified monetary damages from Houston's Sakowitz. The suit involves the catalog's offering a \$94.125 "Ultimate Gift" dinner party for "21 of your worldly friends like Walter Cronkite, Neil Armstrong, Senator Henry Jackson." Said Robert Sakowitz, president of the store, "We meant no ill to Mr. Cronkite. It is simply a tongue-in-cheek 'Ultimate Gift.' Cronkite seeks an injunction ordering the store to stop distributing the catalog, destroy any remaining pages detailing the offer, and notify all catalog recipients that the store cannot arrange such a dinner with Cronkite and that the offer was made without his permission. Elsewhere on the court dock, actress Maureen O'Hara, chief executive of an airline commuter service in the Virgin Islands, was hit with a \$33 million suit for alleged negligence in the crash of one of the company's planes Sept. 2. The lawsuit was filed in U.S. District Court in Manhattan by Mrs. Lisa Devine, whose 14-year-old son, Christopher, was injured seriously in the crash of a plane flying from St. Croix to St. Thomas. Four persons died in the crash of the amphibian airplane known as the "Grimm Goose." Miss O'Hara was described in court papers as the acting president and co-founder of Antilles Air Boats, Inc., reportedly the largest seaplane airline and the fifth largest commuter airline in North America. Mrs. Devine said the crash was caused by the negligence of Miss O'Hara and the airline in "failing to inspect, repair and maintain the aircraft."

Meanwhile, Cronkite was one of three television newscasters honored by the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith. Sharing in the Hubert Humphrey Freedom Prize, to be presented Nov. 28, are John Chancellor and Barbara Walters. The three will share the \$10,000 prize and will be given medallions for their coverage of the Mideast "peace initiative" late last year. Says the citation: "A year ago, these news correspondents by their initial interviews with Prime Minister Menachem Begin and President Anwar Sadat, gave enormous impetus and thrust to the peace process between Israel and

Egypt. They are outstanding pictures of our free press and a recognition for their unique efforts in public diplomacy."

Queen Elizabeth II has chosen her mission for her first concert tour. She has shared his home for 20 years and is the mother of his beloved son, Prince Charles. The queen's young son was given at a Privy Council meeting. All members of the royal family must obtain the royal assent to wed. Lascelles is married to the throne and the son of the Princess Mary, sister to Queen Elizabeth II's late father, George VI. The 54-year-old heir of the Silverstones was divorced this summer from his first wife, Angela, also an actress. They were married in 1952 and have a 25-year-old son, Henry.

Beverly Irwin, 37, of Ohio, has filed for divorce from — another woman — during gross neglect and extreme cruelty. Irwin, according to the suit filed in Cuyahoga County Common Pleas Court, seeks the divorce from Carol Lippard, 33, of Parma. The two women were married June 7, 1972, in a ceremony during which both exchanged rings and rings ever since have been bound to one another in marriage, according to Walter Rudin, Irwin's lawyer. He said the case is not a test case from the homosocial community and that similar cases have been filed in California and Illinois.

True to its name, the National Security Agency operates round-the-clock security that all bus lines must follow. That's why it's difficult to characterize the exact nature of portions of a classified document involving Joan Baez, the singer. Miss Baez, a prominent peace activist during the Vietnam conflict, is suing under the Freedom of Information Act for access to documents relating to her agency's files. On Nov. 2, a federal judge in Washington ordered but two paragraphs of a secret affidavit about Miss Baez released. Now the NSA has asked the judge to change his mind. Agency, which specializes in electronic eavesdropping and wiretapping, told the judge if it was true that the document involved in the case was a classified document kept as Release of the material would "damage to the national security." NSA maintains.

— SAMUEL JUSTIN

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## BUSINESS

# INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

PARIS, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1978

## FINANCE

### Dollar Ends Higher In Moderate Trade

LONDON, Nov. 20 (AP-DJ) — The dollar generally gained ground today against most major currencies, with the exception of the yen, the pound and the Canadian dollar.

### EEC Aides

### Progress on EMS Details

(Continued from Page 1)  
of intervention, but allowing exceptions under certain conditions from this rule.

Mr. Mattheofer also reported a narrowing of differences over the credit facility that should be available to EMS members for support operations. He said that "the effective credit potential available to a debtor country would be 25 billion ECU." The West Germans and the Dutch initially had insisted that any individual EMS member could draw only up to 16 billion ECU.

But Mr. Healey said the meeting had not solved the problem of what portion of the total credit facility should be medium-term and what short-term.

While the West Germans and the Dutch want the 25 billion ECU evenly divided into short-term and medium-term credit, others sought a 20-billion ECU short-term and 5-billion-ECU medium-term facility.

Officials reported that the EEC is still divided on the very short-term immediate monetary assistance that should be made available in the new system. Under the old rule, each member can draw unlimited support for a 30-day period.

There is a possible one-month rollover.

Mr. Healey reported that most members want the very short-term assistance to run an initial two months. He did not mention any rollovers but other officials said a two-month extension was sought by all except the West Germans and the Dutch, both wary of the EMS becoming a source for raising the money supply and thus for inflation.

Except for the West Germans and the Dutch, the members also want the short-term credit, now three months with an extension of another three months, to be extended to a total of nine months.

A solution of the problem is likely at the summit, Mr. Healey said, while other officials implied that the West Germans appeared ready to concede on the credit facility in general if the basket indicator was not used for any obligatory intervention in foreign exchange markets.

The ministers also agreed that the EMS should be open to all European countries that have close ties with the EEC. These non-EEC European countries would have to associate themselves with the EMS.

Mr. Mattheofer said, They would have access to the very short-term monetary assistance, but he excluded them from the EEC's credit mechanisms.

In other Common Market developments, Britain continued to block efforts to initial fishing treaty between the EEC and Norway, citing its traditional argument that the community's internal fisheries problems should take precedence over third-country agreements, sources reported from an EEC foreign ministers' meeting.

The EEC and the Association of South East Asian Nations opened a two-day meeting today aimed at developing commercial cooperation that was hailed by both parties as a "milestone" in ASEAN-EEC relations."

**NATO Group to Map  
Turkish Economic Aid**

ANKARA, Nov. 20 (Reuters) — The Western allies are now keenly aware of the need to help Turkey in its economic plight and may set up a special group to organize such assistance, the secretary-general of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, Joseph Luns, said here today.

"There is now a keener awareness in the capitals of the alliance of the economic plight of Turkey and also Portugal and perhaps Greece," he told a press conference at the end of a five-day visit to the Turkish capital. He said he would soon be reporting to NATO leaders on Turkey's economic problems, which involve a chronic shortage of foreign exchange, a massive trade gap and mounting debts.

**Wholesale Prices Off  
In West Germany**

WIESBADEN, West Germany, Nov. 20 (AP-DJ) — The West German wholesale price index fell 0.1 percent in October from September and was down 0.1 percent from October 1977, the statistics office said today.

The index stood at 145.3, with 1970 equaling 100.

**Brazil Devalues Cruzeiro**

BRASILIA, Nov. 20 (AP-DJ) — Brazil devalued the cruzeiro Friday for the 14th time this year, changing the exchange rate from 19.54 to the dollar to 19.95. The new sellers' rate is 20.05.

### FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

#### Hudson's Bay Bids for Simpsons

Hudson's Bay Co. says it is offering for all Simpsons Ltd. shares which places a value of \$Can. 3.27 on each Simpsons share, or a total of \$388 million. Hudson's Bay is offering Simpsons' shareholders one Hudson's Bay common share or one preferred share and \$22.50 cash for each eight common shares of Simpsons held. The preferred shares will be entitled to cumulative dividends at an annual rate of 8 percent or \$1.60 a share. Hudson's Bay's offer is conditional on obtaining 60 percent of Simpsons stock and is in competition with a merger agreement drawn up between Simpsons Ltd. and Simpsons-Sears Ltd., an affiliated company. Under that plan, Simpsons-Sears stock would be issued share-for-share for Simpsons Ltd. stock.

#### Kuwait Buys Stake in Willy Korf

The Willy Korf Group of West Germany says that a transaction giving Kuwait a 30-percent share of its U.S. and West German operations has been final-

ized. The steel group operates Korf-Stahl AG, of Baden-Baden, and Korf Industries Inc., of Charlotte, N.C. The company, which posted turnover of 1.5 billion Deutsche marks and a net consolidated loss 42 million DM in 1978, did not disclose the price of the acquisition. The West German federal cartel office says, however, an investigation into irregularities of the acquisition was underway due to improper announcement of the planned transaction. Authorities said the actual acquisition had been decided upon as early as 1975 but the cartel office was not given official notice until August 1978.

#### Shell Chemicals Unit Expects Loss

Royal Dutch/Shell's Chemicals Division will make further losses this year after the 1977 loss of 145 million guilders (about \$70 million), the company says. Final 1978 results are expected to show an improvement of about 5 percent, while operating results for the final quarter will also be negative. The division's major problem is the absence of price improvements for chemical products, it says.

#### But Unwilling to Break Ranks With Group

### Saudis to Seek Freeze in OPEC Pricing

By Clyde H. Farnsworth

JIDDA, Saudi Arabia, Nov. 20 (NYT) — Saudi Arabia intends to go into the crucial Dec. 16 price-setting meeting of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries with the Saudis have now told the United States that if they cannot hold the freeze, they will let prices rise only a "very modest" amount — a term used to describe an increase of less than 10 percent.

The chief oil spokesman for the world's largest petroleum producer also appreciated against the Benelux currencies, rising to 2,101.8 Dutch guilders from 2,079.5 and to 30.39 Belgian francs from 30.25. Against the yen, however, it eased to 194.50 from 195.60.

Sterling added 20 points at \$1.9310. There apparently was a large order for sterling in the afternoon, which put upward pressure on the rate in thin dealings.

The confrontation over pay policy in Britain has generated considerable tension in the market for sterling, traders conceded. The Bank of England was thought to have lent a moderate amount of support to sterling early today when the pound slipped to \$1.9200.

The Canadian dollar was unchanged at 85.18 U.S. cents.

### Peru Completes Package For Loans, Refinancing

LIMA, Nov. 20 (NYT) — Peru has completed what it describes as a \$2-billion package of loan and refinancing operations with foreign banks and governments that it hopes will enable it to stabilize and turn around an economy that until a few months ago was in the worst crisis in its history.

Whether or not the military Government, in power for more than 10 years and contending with an 80-percent rate this year, can hold to the International Monetary Fund-backed austerity program — the key to the whole refinancing effort — remains to be seen.

The new refinancing package covers 1979 and 1980, and during this period the Peruvian government will have to pay out on debt repayment and interest charges only \$35 out of every \$100 the country earns from exports. It would otherwise have had to pay \$60 out of every \$100 and this would have led quickly to a collapse of the economy, a default on payments, or most probably both.

In outline, the refinancing package, backed by agreements in principle that will be turned into detailed contracts over the next two or three months, includes:

• The international banks.

Ninety percent of the amortization payments to be made because of the public foreign debt in 1979 will be "rolled over," consolidated and then automatically converted into an 8-year balance-of-payments loan — four years grace and four to the IMF and World Bank.

The standby arrangement with the IMF and a drawdown from the

compensatory credit fund will be worth \$300 million through the end of 1980. This was signed in mid-September. In addition, the World Bank is to make a \$100-million "program loan" in March.

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In outline, the refinancing package, backed by agreements in principle that will be turned into detailed contracts over the next two or three months, includes:

• The international banks.

Ninety percent of the amortization payments to be made because of the public foreign debt in 1979 will be "rolled over," consolidated and then automatically converted into an 8-year balance-of-payments loan — four years grace and four to the IMF and World Bank.

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## HAMBROS LIMITED

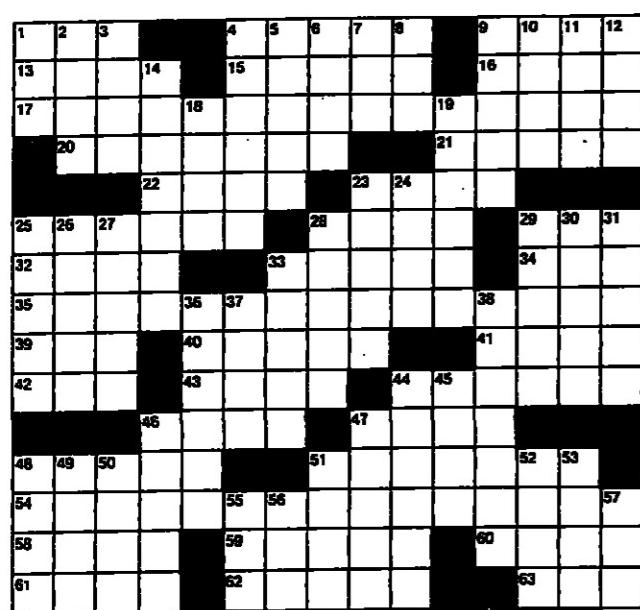
SUS 24,000,000 9½% Bonds 1985

Kredietbank S.A., Luxembourgeoise hereby gives notice that, in accordance with the terms of the above-mentioned loan, the instalment of SUS 1,800,000 due 15th December 1978, has been drawn on 10th November 1978 for redemption at par. The following Bonds have been drawn and may be presented to Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise 43, Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg or to the other Paying Agents named on the Bonds:

Amount	Serial No.	Date	Interest	Amount	Serial No.	Date	Interest
SUS 1,800,000	00095	01/21	0.0135	SUS 1,800,000	00234	02/23	0.0234
00070	00095	01/21	0.0135	00035	00044	00055	00067
00248	00267	02/28	0.0292	00306	00335	00362	00351
00459	00452	03/01	0.0353	00343	00351	00351	00351
00452	00459	03/03	0.0353	00543	00548	00540	00598
00617	00627	03/04	0.0364	00677	00680	00694	00611
00778	00791	03/07	0.0368	00812	00837	00845	00885
00895	00905	03/03	0.0364	00942	00950	00983	00988
01067	01069	03/02	0.0364	01074	01078	01071	01072
01136	01155	03/09	0.0368	01082	01133	01128	01138
01223	01252	03/29	0.0353	01165	01172	01192	01212
01330	01345	03/32	0.0365	01390	01404	01413	01583
01587	01588	03/33	0.0365	01600	01609	01609	01607
01870	01873	03/34	0.0365	01893	01897	01929	01960
01963	01995	02/19	0.0204	02050	02064	02068	02080
02084	02097	02/08	0.0211	02116	02125	02127	02144
02148	02161	02/27	0.0218	02223	02235	02240	02227
02281	02291	02/02	0.0219	02295	02300	02305	02307
02423	02439	02/23	0.0253	02373	02382	02388	02429
02704	02719	02/38	0.0274	02764	02777	02785	02808
02824	02827	02/36	0.0267	02883	03014	03016	03018
03023	03047	03/07	0.0303	03094	03103	03124	03101
03132	03147	03/11	0.0316	03156	03165	03165	03138
03248	03243	03/21	0.0328	03236	03388	03361	03382
03395	03405	03/24	0.0343	03464	03470	03473	03496
03516	03517	03/24	0.0352	03579	03615	03633	03636
03637	03663	03/04	0.0367	03681	03683	03695	03700
03751	03760	03/06	0.0376	03820	03830	03850	03915
03830	03948	03/29	0.0392	03976	04024	04024	04024
04141	04142	04/15	0.0426	04236	04236	04251	04255
04257	04264	04/29	0.0439	04365	04394	04249	04465
04484	04513	04/52	0.0454	04500	04565	04572	04580
04639	04687	04/73	0.0473	04723	04723	04725	04830
04843	04853	04/89	0.0487	04880	04901	04911	04921
04928	04929	04/97	0.0497	04983	05000	05008	05016
05016	05024	05/01	0.0501	05051	05135	05135	05135
05154	05163	05/17	0.0517	05197	05199	05209	05218
05222	05230	05/23	0.0525	05203	05257	05280	05285
05286	05293	05/30	0.0530	05335	05364	05362	05371
05385	05387	05/39	0.0539	05420	05422	05528	05533
05558	05562	05/50	0.0557	05578	05584	05617	05659
05686	05692	05/51	0.0551	05720	05720	05720	05725
05757	05763	05/54	0.0567	05863	05871	05874	05883
05887	05930	05/54	0.0587	06011	06049	06056	06076
06083	06094	06/01	0.0611	06121	06143	06159	06178
06214	06223	06/21	0.0621	06264	06282	06288	06301
06312	06336	06/34	0.0642	06463	06465	06465	06474
06479	06518	06/53	0.0654	06592	06600	06615	06615
06645	06648	06/79	0.0681	06829	06859	06907	06932
06955	06971	07/01	0.0701	07019	07019	07029	07072
07097	07103	07/28	0.0712	07164	07177	07197	07212
07228	07237	07/26	0.0725	07293	07296	07298	07343
07350	07358	07/36	0.0736	07370	07397	07397	07413
07420	07444	07/49	0.0748	07485	07486	07505	07523
07472	07479	07/44	0.0748	07486	07505	07521	07523
07724	07733	07/22	0.0776	07786	07829	07831	07870
07880	07890	07/94	0.0794	07974	07979	08010	08012
08043	08044	08/04	0.0806	08075	08084	08096	08100
08101	08145	08/12	0.0812	08178	08207	08211	08235
08234	08237	08/23	0.0826	08279	08303	08307	08309
08326	08346	08/37	0.0837	08391	08416	08420	08440
08457	08459	08/49	0.0845	08477	08485	08485	08485
08545	08549	08/49	0.0845	08549	08578	08578	08578
08690	08691	08/94	0.0877	08982	08984	09013	09041
09060	09061	09/05	0.0912	09119	09123	09133	09134
09172	09191	09/13	0.0912	09201	09223	09228	09249
09257	09281	09/32	0.0932	09345	09357	09367	09385
09394	09409	09/43	0.0943	09482	09485	09489	09503
09566	09569	09/52	0.0959	09700	09704	09704	09704
09721	09722	09/52	0.0959	09761	09767	09787	09797
09799	09820	09/83	0.0984	09850	09860	09871	09885
09911	09919	09/93	0.0994	09979	09980	09980	09981
09996	10000	10/04	0.1009	10011	10023	10049	10079
10083	10099	10/11	0.1015	10162	10165	10172	10182
10188	10190	10/16	0.1023	10234	10239	10244	10274
10412	10416	10/18	0.1023	10241	10241	10241	10241
10547	10556	10/21	0.1021	10251	10264	10264	10264
10700	10704	10/70	0.1074	10765	10792	10804	10827
10845	10851	10/83	0.1083	10873	10882	10884	10906
10951	10969	11/08	0.1108	11108	11125	11140	11140
11209	11211	11/13	0.1121	11252	11314	11366	11366
11291	11301	11/31	0.1131	11431	11435	11435	11435
11477	11480	11/45	0.1145	11504	11504	11504	11504
11579	11593	11/57	0.1157	11600	11624	11642	11644</



## CROSSWORD By Eugene T. Maleska



**ACROSS**  
1 Crawly creature  
4 What spongers do  
9 Race-track sound  
13 Utas was one Of the ear  
15 Hawaiian port  
17 Wicked weapons  
20 Hormone or vitamin D  
21 Efface  
22 Budget item  
23 French cheese  
25 Show affection  
28 Litigant  
29 "Hail, Claudius!" Global area  
32 Far from fresh  
34 Society gal  
35 Unfaithful swains  
39 Be corrosive Clothing sizes, for men  
41 Church section  
42 Clinic workers, for short  
43 Theater seat  
44 Prepare to knit  
46 Fork-tailed hawk

**DOWN**  
1 Statute  
2 Farm animals  
3 Novel need  
4 Churchmen  
5 C.P.A. project  
6 Famous Scott  
7 Move restlessly about  
8 Urban railroads  
9 Task  
10 Modena money  
11 Pioneer auto maker  
12 Present, as a question  
14 At that place

PEANUTS

B.C.

BLONDIE

BEETLE BAILY ANDY CAPP

WIZARD of ID

REX MORGAN

RIP KIRBY

## JUMBLE.

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

JOGIN

BLEEL

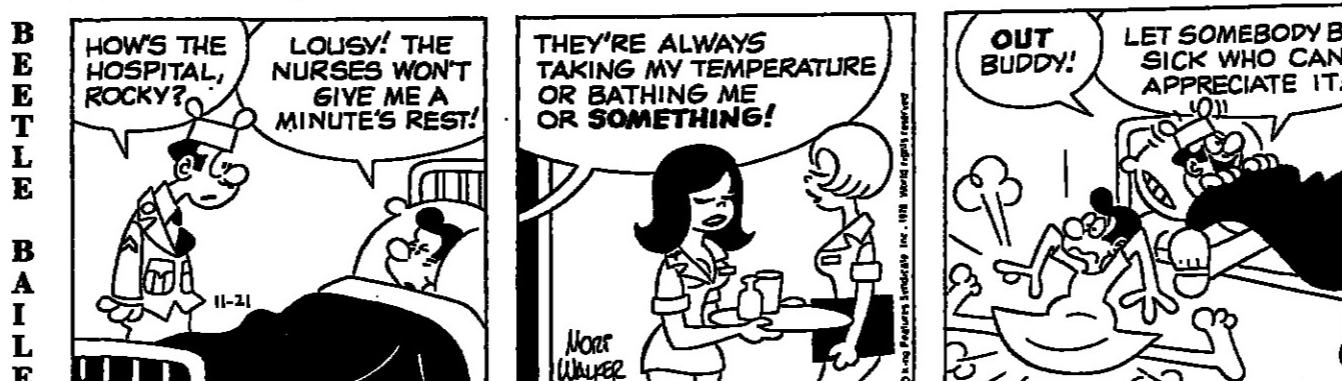
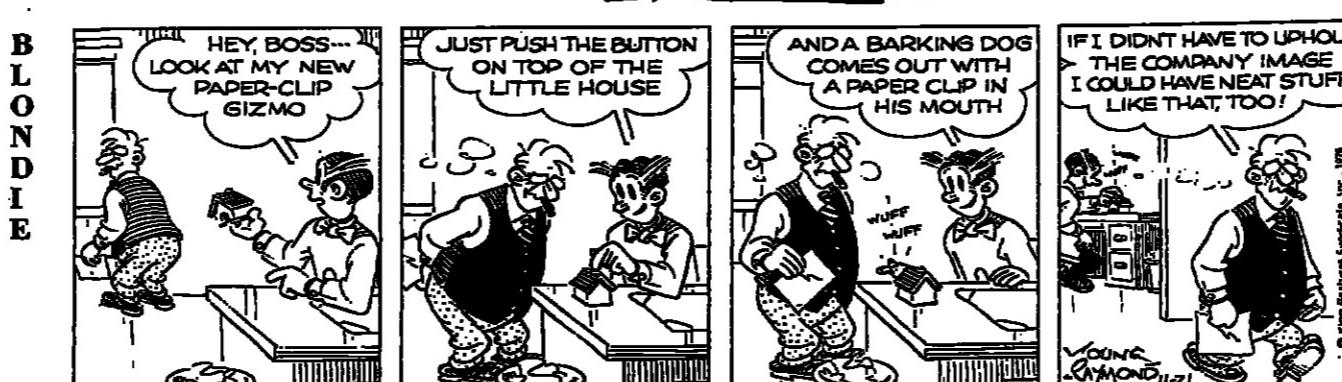
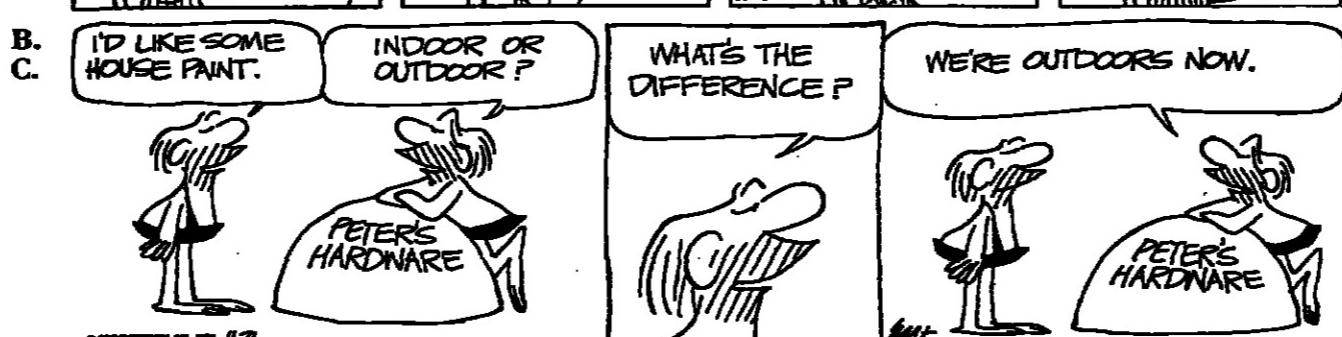
STYLUB

RAKNEC

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.  
Print answer here:

Yesterday's Jumbles: SAVOR TYING OCCULT FICKLE  
Answer: Shrink from a business deal—"CONTRACT"

Imprimé par P.I.O. - I, Bd. Ney Paris 75018



## DENNIS THE MENACE



"OKAY... YOU'RE A REGULAR PERSON!"

## BOOKS

**MOMMIE DEAREST**  
By Christina Crawford Morrow. Illustrated. 286 pp. \$9.95.

Reviewed by Marcia Seligson

**WRITTEN** by the oldest of Joan Crawford's four adopted children, "Mommie Dearest" is sensational, yes, probably opportunistic, and one of the most wracking pieces of personal literature I have ever come across.

Let us assume, as I think we should, that Christina Crawford is telling the truth about her mother. Or let us even assume a 20 percent distortion factor, given the nature of childhood memories and a Hollywood kid's inherent flare for melodrama. Nonetheless, there is only one reasonable conclusion: Joan Crawford was a true monster.

I was stunned, enraged, fascinated, disbelieving throughout and left with two major questions: Why was this woman so awful? And, why didn't anybody stop her? Neither question is answered satisfactorily, and yet it is a grimly compelling book.

In 1939, at the age of 35, Joan Crawford was one of the reigning queens of Hollywood. Divorced from Douglas Fairbanks, Jr. and Franchot Tone, living alone in a 22-room mansion, she acquired an infant girl, whom she called Joan, the next year changing her name to Christina.

Each year, Miss Crawford became more paranoid, diabetic and uncaring — as her career faltered, drinking increased and relationships with men became disastrous. Claiming financial ruin, she stopped paying Christina's tuition so that the youngster had to work daily in the laundry — while at home Joan gave parties for 200 at which Judy Garland sang "Over the Rainbow." She refused to invite her daughter home for the holidays, leaving her all alone at the deserted school. Just as Christina was achieving success and popularity at Chadwick, her mother yanked her out and sequestered her in a Pasadena, Calif., convent where she was a virtual prisoner, almost succumbing to madness herself.

Through it all, Christina never ceased struggling for her mother's approval and that's the most fascinating psychological aspect of this Gothic tale. Even at the convent, feeling deprived and angry, she still called home frequently and sent her mother hand-made gifts. Partially, the reason was fear: She knew aping was necessary for survival. But that is not nearly the whole truth: She always yearned in some primal, timeless place for her mother's love. It was an irrational and awesome attachment, one which she never relinquished.

What caused Joan Crawford's behavior? The briefly expressed explanations, relating to her own chaotic, sad childhood are insufficient, of course. Moreover, why didn't anybody stop her, report her, take her children out from under her hands? It is clear from this book — and also from Bob Thomas' newly published biography of Crawford — (Simon and Schuster: \$10.95) — that her behavior was commonly known about town. Servants came and went each month, neighbors heard the tides, friends and lovers witnessed the rampages. School officials felt them firsthand. Clearly child abuse was not talked about freely then. But the real point here is that Joan Crawford was a star, true U.S. royalty; the world tip-toed in her shadow, pretending always that the empress was dressed.

Christina is a competent and intelligent writer and restrained in her outpouring. But I wanted to know more about the psychic damage to her and why she persisted in loving this woman so acutely. I also wanted an Act II, Scene II confrontation, a why-did-you-do-that-to-me catharsis.

Christina writes that in Joan Crawford's later years she suddenly became a loving, supportive companion and her daughter somehow erased all the horror-filled past. But at the end, Miss Crawford had the final sadistic laugh: She cut Christina and her brother out of her will, as it states, "for reasons which are well known to them." It is a stunner of a last scene, right out of a movie starring you-know-who. Christina had been the ultimate schmooch for hanging in there all those years waiting for a cookie crumb. And Joan gave her daughter the ultimate finger. Perhaps creating this grisly memoir will free her from her "mommie dearest" once and for all.

## Solution to Previous Puzzle

ERROR ZEAL OLAF  
AGAVE EGGIE DECO  
TIMEDEPENDENCE DAY  
TIER BOYS LOIRE  
DAVIADEBAY VOLT  
GEVE ASAFAY ELIA  
SEIS MASIN BRIER  
BABET ANA ESTIES ORAL NODE  
THANKSGIVING DAY  
TENN ALTE ORATE  
ANDIA PEER TIVILER

Marcia Seligson's most recent book is "Options: A Personal Exploration Through the Sexual Frontier." She is currently working on a novel.

© Los Angeles Times

## WEATHER

C	F	MADRID	C	F
17	63	Fair	18	Fair
18	59	Fair	19	Fair
19	55	MILAN	20	Fair
20	48	MOSCOW	21	Fair
21	39	MUNICH	22	Overcast
22	32	NICE	23	Fair
23	29	PARIS	24	Fair
24	26	PRAGUE	25	Fair
25	23	ROME	26	Fair
26	20	SOFIA	27	Fair
27	17	STOCKHOLM	28	Fair
28	14	TORONTO	29	Fair
29	11	TEL AVIV	30	Fair
30	8	TOKYO	31	Fair
31	5	TUNIS	32	Fair
32	2	VIENNA	33	Fair
33	-	WASHERTON	34	Overcast
34	-	WASHINGTOM	35	Fair
35	-	ZURICH	36	Fair

(Yesterday's readings U.S. and Canada of 1700  
GMT; Los Angeles at 2000 GMT; all others at 1200 GMT)

## INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

## ADVERTISEMENT

November 20, 1978

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed with the exception of some Swiss funds whose quotes are based on issue prices. The following margin of symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied for the NYF: (d) daily; (w) weekly; (m) monthly; (f) quarterly; (y) annually.

BANK JULIUS BAER & Co Ltd:		SF 72.25	(d)
(d) Cander		SF 472.00	
(d) Grober		SF 563.00	
(d) Hochholz		SF 722.00	
(d) Kretschmer		SF 52.00	
(d) Lederer		SF 1.00	
(d) Tiefenbach		SF 5.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund		SF 5.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund IV		SF 5.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund V		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund VI		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund VII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund VIII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund IX		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund X		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XI		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XIII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XIV		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XV		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XVI		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XVII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XVIII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XIX		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XX		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXI		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXIII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXIV		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXV		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXVI		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXVII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXVIII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXIX		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXX		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXXI		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXXII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXXIII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXXIV		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXXV		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXXVI		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXXVII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXXVIII		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XXXIX		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XL		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XLI		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XLI		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XLI		SF 7.00	
(d) Tiefenbach Fund XLI			

JYU/11/150

# Steelers Edge Bengals, 7-6

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 20 (AP) — Rocky Bleier scored the game's only touchdown in the second quarter, and the Pittsburgh Steelers held on despite four pass interceptions off Terry Bradshaw to edge the Cincinnati Bengals, 7-6, here yesterday in a National Football League game.

The Bengals, who fell to 1-11 in their most woeful season ever, yielded just 154 net offensive yards to a Steeler team that climbed to 10-2 despite its punchless performance.

Bradshaw, who completed only 12 of 30 passes for 117 yards, threw all four of his interceptions in the first half. However, the Steelers managed a 1-6 lead at halftime on the strength of a 1-yard touchdown run by Bleier that capped a 64-yard scoring drive early in the second quarter.

Chris Bahr kicked a 29-yard field goal in the first quarter for Cincinnati and added a 48-yard 14 seconds before halftime.

In the scoreless second half, the Steelers came up with two key defensive plays.

Midway in the final quarter, defensive tackle Gary Dunn stopped Pete Johnson short on a third-and-one play at the Steeler's 34-yard line and the Bengals had to punt.

With 48 seconds left and the Bengals at the Steeler 47-yard line, linebacker Jack Ham recovered a fumble by Cincinnati quarterback Ken Anderson, who was hit hard on a blitz by safety Mike Wagner.

Rams 31, Packers 3

At Denver, Craig Morton awoke Denver's offense with a 14-yard touchdown pass to Haven Moses and Rob Lyle rushed for more than 100 yards and another score, lifting the Broncos past the Green Bay Packers, 16-3.

Morton scored on its first two possessions of the second half to erase a 3-0 deficit.

Morton connected with Moses on a 31-yard pass play to help set up his scoring toss to a diving Moses in the rear of the end zone with 11:20 left in the third quarter.

Lyle carried six times for 40 yards on the Broncos' next series, scoring on a two-yard slant off the left side with 2:46 left in the period.

Green Bay's Chester Marcol, who kicked a 19-yard field goal for the only score in the first half, missed from 35 and 27 yards out, thwarting two Packer scoring opportunities in the second half.

Raiders 29, Lions 17

At San Francisco, Frank Corral kicked a 24-yard field goal with two seconds remaining, after three successive punts from Pat Haden to lead the Los Angeles Rams to a 31-28 victory over the San Francisco 49ers.

The Rams appeared headed for overtime after Corral missed a 34-

## NFL Standings

### AMERICAN CONFERENCE

	W	L	T	Pct.	PF	PA
New England	9	3	0	.750	264	204
Browns	7	5	0	.583	259	258
NY Jets	4	6	0	.400	259	258
Baltimore	5	7	0	.417	182	204
Buffalo	3	9	0	.250	178	204
Central	6	8	1	.429	227	228
Philadelphia	10	2	0	.833	263	228
Houston	7	4	0	.636	259	228
Cleveland	6	6	0	.500	227	228
Cincinnati	1	10	0	.091	182	228
West	8	4	0	.667	224	182
Denver	8	4	0	.667	224	182
Oakland	6	6	0	.500	245	245
San Diego	6	6	0	.500	245	245
Kansas City	1	10	0	.091	187	245

### NATIONAL CONFERENCE

	W	L	T	Pct.	PF	PA
Dallas	8	4	0	.667	269	182
Washington	7	5	0	.583	269	182
Philadelphia	7	5	0	.583	269	182
NY Giants	5	7	0	.417	208	207
St. Louis	4	8	0	.333	208	207
Central	6	7	1	.429	208	207
Washington	8	4	0	.667	224	182
Green Bay	7	5	0	.583	223	177
Athens	7	5	0	.583	223	177
Toronto	5	7	0	.417	172	177
Detroit	4	8	0	.333	181	207
Chicago	4	8	0	.333	181	207
West	1	10	0	.091	177	207

### Playoffs

Van Eeghen, who had only 28 yards rushing in the first half, gained 70 in the second as Oakland controlled the game to rally from a 14-13 halftime deficit.

He scored both Oakland touchdowns in the first half on one-yard runs. His third score, early in the third quarter, came after quarterback Ken Stabler hit wide receiver Cliff Branch near the goal line.

But Gibson, long accused of being too conservative, became daring. He called a "Pro," up 65°, a handoff to fullback Larry Csonka.

"In all my 25 years of coaching I've never seen so horrifying a finish to a game," said the Giants' coach, John McVay.

Just minutes before, after an interception that seemed to have stopped the Eagles, the Giants and the crowd of 76,318 began celebrating.

Pisarcik fell on the ball for a loss of 3 on first down and the Eagles called their last timeout with 1:11 left. Then Csonka went off left guard for 11 yards. That call seemed strange to Clack.

"I told whoever it was to tell the bench not to call that again," Clack said. "When they did, everybody in the huddle said, 'Let's just fall on it.'"

Asked if the players suggested changing the call, Csonka said, "There was some talk in the huddle. I don't know where that play came from. I didn't see the ball at all. Joe said he didn't have control at the snap. He never got the ball to me."

"We called it," McVay acknowledged. "You can run that play 500 times and not fumble. We wanted to get the first down so if they tried to fake an injury to stop the clock, we'd be okay. How secure a play can you get? Giving the ball to your fullback, that's a pretty secure play."

"One little play like that can destroy a whole team," said Gary Jeter, a New York defensive tackle. "It can destroy the confidence of the whole organization. If we're ever in that position, I hope the other team runs something like that."

### Quarterback Calls It for Chiefs

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 20 (AP) — Coach Marv Levy fixed his questions with an icy stare and refused to second-guess his quarterback for calling the final play that allowed the Seattle Seahawks to escape with a 13-10 victory over his Kansas City Chiefs.

The Chiefs, trailing the Seahawks all day, moved to the Seattle 1-yard line with 15 seconds left in the game and no timeouts remaining.

On third down, quarterback Mike Livingston pitched wide to Tony Reed, who bobbed the ball and lost it as Seattle recovered.

Levy said he "never gave much thought at all" to letting Jan Stenerud try a chip-shot field goal and send the game into overtime.

"There was no debate at all about what we were going to do," Levy said. "You're on the 1, you ought to score from the 1. It was a quarterback call from a list of goal line plays we give him. The play was on the selection list and I'm not going to criticize it."

### Alouettes in Grey Cup

OTTAWA, Nov. 20 (AP) — Quarterback Joe Barnes scored two touchdowns to give the Montreal Alouettes a 21-16 victory over the Ottawa Rough Riders in the Eastern Conference final of the Canadian Football League yesterday and a berth in the Grey Cup.

The Alouettes will meet the Edmonton Eskimos, the team they beat last year to win the national championship.

Barnes scored on a 1-yard plunge in the second quarter and on a 10-yard quarterback keeper play in the final quarter.

But the game hinged on a fumble by Ottawa fullback Mike Murphy late in the first quarter that led to the first Barnes major and four missed field goals by Ottawa's kicker, J.T. Hay.

Montreal's Delvin Williams entered the game as the NFL's leading rusher with 1,057 yards and a major role in the Alouettes' offense, which leads the league in scoring. The Oiler defense ranks No. 1 in the AFC in total defense.

Houston countered with Earl Campbell, who needs 56 yards against the Oilers to become the first player to 1,000-yard rusher since San Diego's Don Woods in 1974.

Campbell has gained 944 yards in 10 games.

### Navratilova and King Win Richest Doubles

RANCHO MIRAGE, Calif., Nov. 20 (AP) — Martina Navratilova and Billie Jean King teamed up for a 6-3, 6-4 victory over Kerry Reid and Wendy Turnbull here yesterday to win the doubles title in the richest women's tennis tournament.

The triumph was some consolation to Navratilova, who lost a 6-3, 6-3 decision to Chris Evert in the singles finale Saturday. Navratilova and King divided \$30,000.

In another match yesterday, Virginia Wade matched a 7-6, 7-6 victory over Virginia Ruzici to capture third place in the singles competition.

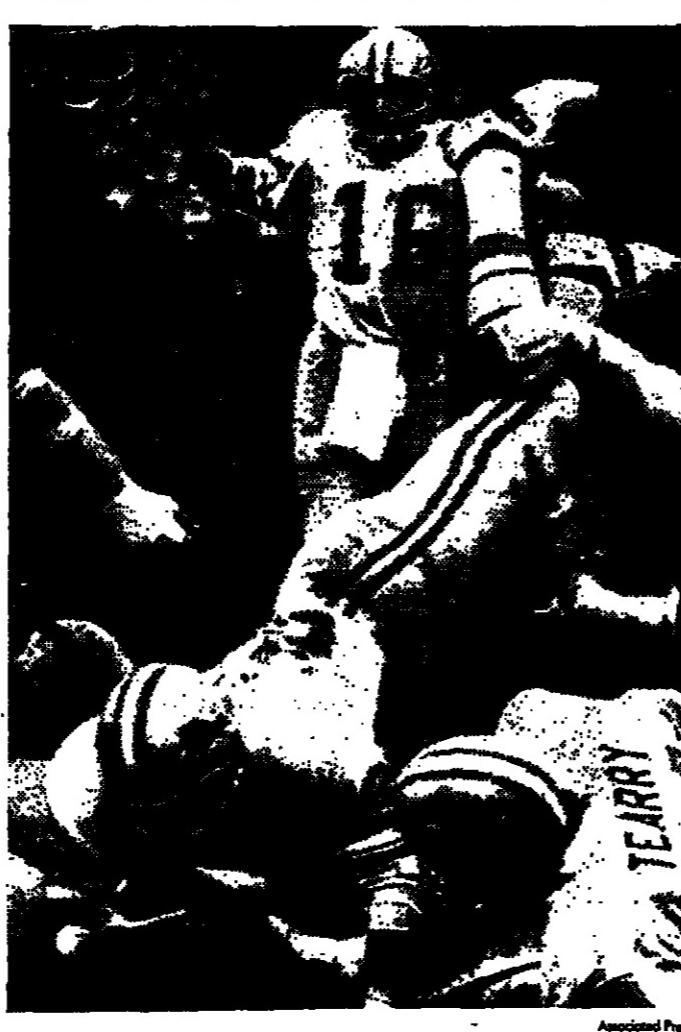
### Steroids Muscle In on the World of Bodybuilding

NEW YORK, Nov. 20 (UPI) — In the early 1950s, they called Marvin Eder "Marvelous Marv." At 195 pounds, the 21-year-old Eder had 19-inch biceps, a 36-inch neck, a 50-inch chest, 26 1/2-inch thighs, and 17-inch calves. He could military press — lift overhead — 355 pounds.

Many bodybuilders of the 1970s look quite different from Marvelous Marv in his prime. Drugs have caught up with bodybuilding just as they have caught up with many other professional sports.

They have the measurements, but more and more, bodybuilding contestants appear bloated. Veins push through thin, tight skin that has no color.

"Nowadays to compete, bodybuilders take steroids," Eder says. "They become mindless robots who die a little bit each day. They talk of calories and pills. There is no joy in that." In repulsion, Eder retired.



## Basketball Preview: UCLA Again

By David DuPrez

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20 (WP)

— The drought could be over in Los Angeles. After a three-year hiatus to permit everyone else to fight over the crown, the UCLA Bruins are ready to step forward again and claim the national college basketball championship.

Despite the talents and promise of Duke, Michigan State and Notre Dame — all of whom seem capable of taking the title — the Bruins figure to be the team to beat this season.

"If we don't win the NCAA championship this year, it'll be our own fault," said David Greenwood, the 6-foot-9 inch All-America forward.

Greenwood may be the best big man in college basketball this season and he is one of four returning UCLA starters. Another is guard Roy Hamilton, who shot a UCLA record for a guard, 54 percent, from the field last year and is a steady and highly efficient ball handler.

### Virtually Unbeatable

It shouldn't hurt the Bruins that their first eight games are at Pauley Pavilion. They are 20-1 at that home arena.

If the Bruins should stumble, the young Duke team, last year's NCAA runner-up, probably will not. They have one of the more pleasing teams to watch and have their five starters back, plus a more-than-adequate bench.

Guard Jim Spankrik, forward Eugene Banks and center Mike Gminski are as good at their positions as anyone in the college ranks.

Perhaps Duke's only weakness is that last year it was exclusively a zone-defense team. It's been a long time since a zone team has won the national championship.

Michigan State, much like Duke, came practically out of nowhere last year and will be even better this year.

The Spartans perhaps have the most exciting player in college basketball today in sophomore Earvin (Magic) Johnson. The 6-7 sophomore guard-forward had 22 assists last year and if he could shoot, he would be the greatest thing to hit the game since the jump shot.

As it is, it's a jump shot that Johnson takes. He did average 17 points a game last season and says he found his missing jumper during the summer. If he's telling the truth, look out.

Notre Dame is missing Dave Battin and Duck Williams from last year's final-four team, but coach Digger Phelps has 10 players back and the Irish will be as rough inside as even Phelps could want.

There are more than enough muscle for the Irish to fight their way to the title with 6-11 Bill Lauber, 6-9 Bruce Flowers and 6-7 Kelly Irpucka. Rich Branning is the ideal full-handling guard for that team.

Syracuse has 6-11 center Roosevelt Boule, who will be one of the best big men around. A fairly easy schedule should keep the Orangemen winning, at least until tournament time.

### NBA Standings

#### EASTERN CONFERENCE

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Philadelphia	12	3	.800	—
Washington	11	7	.611	2½
New Jersey	11	8	.556	3½
New York	9	9	.500	5½

Art Buchwald

## Civil Defense Plan Invites Pinto Attack

WASHINGTON — I have good news for all of you who were wondering how you were going to survive World War III. President Carter has a plan. At least he's given the go-ahead to the civil defense people in the government to come up with a plan, which would protect 140 million Americans in the event of a Soviet nuclear attack.

The cost of developing the plan (as opposed to the plan itself) is \$2 billion, and, unlike previous civil defense ideas, this one does not include building bomb shelters. Instead the emphasis will be on evacuating people from the large cities to the countryside as soon as hostilities begin.

According to Pentagon experts, all the U.S. would need is warning of a Soviet missile attack, and it would then put its evacuation plan into effect. The success of the program would depend, of course, on how fast we could move everybody out of the cities, presumably by automobile and bus. The Pentagon says that we need the plan in the worst way because the Soviets are going ahead with their civil defense



Buchwald.

plans, and we must maintain a "crisis stability" with them. This means that if the Soviets thought we could survive an attack by them, they wouldn't dare to try to kill us.

Okay. But before we spend \$2 billion on an evacuation feasibility study, I have one favor to ask of the president. And that is, the next time he decides to spend a weekend at Camp David in the Maryland mountains, that he go by car instead of by helicopter.

As soon as the president nears the Beltway surrounding Washington, he will realize that there is absolutely no way of getting out of the city on a Friday night, much less if we have a real live nuclear alert.

The truth of the matter is the Soviets know that we could do more damage to ourselves through civil defense than they could ever do by starting a war. This is the scenario that the Russians have planned for us.

They aim a series of dummy missiles, with condemned Pintos as warheads, at the major cities in the U.S. We go on red alert and the sirens start whining, ordering everybody to leave at once.

People pile into cars, taxis and trucks and head for the outskirts of town. The Pintos are pinpointed to land on the arteries to every major expressway, tying up traffic for miles.

The panic-stricken city-dwellers jump out of their cars and start beating up the people in the vehicles in front of them. Other drivers attempt to push stalled autos off the road. Still others start running across the roofs of the cars to get away from what they believe are mushroom clouds, which are really auto fires that have overeated.

Under present U.S. driving conditions, it is my belief that the Soviets could do more damage with 100 Pintos than they could with 100 nuclear warheads.

Therefore, before the president tells Congress that civil defense is the moral equivalent of war, I urge him to get behind the wheel of Billy's pickup truck and drive from the White House to Alexandria, Va., during rush hour.

If he can make it in less than an hour, I'll give him the \$2 billion out of my own pocket.

### Modiano Wins Prix Goncourt

PARIS, Nov. 20 (IHT) — Patrick Modiano won the Prix Goncourt for his novel "Rue des Boutiques Obscures." The prize is France's most prestigious literary award.

Like all Modiano's previous works, "Rue des Boutiques Obscures" is set in Paris under the German occupation. It describes an amnesiac private detective's search for his past.

Modiano, 33, is the author of six novels, among which "Les Boulevards de Cézanne" received the Grand Prix du Roman de l'Academie Française. He also co-authored, with Louis Malle, the screenplay of the film "Lacombe Lucien."

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